

BIENNIAL REPORT



**ADJUTANT GENERAL
TERRITORY OF HAWAII**

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Jan. 1, 1917 - Dec. 31, 1918

**ADJUTANT GENERAL
TERRITORY OF HAWAII**

Biennial Report, Adjutant General Territory of Hawaii

Territory of Hawaii,
Office of the Adjutant General,
Honolulu, T. H., January 1, 1919.

Honorable Charles J. McCarthy,
Governor of Hawaii:

Sir: I have the honor to submit the following report on the operations of the Territorial Militia Department for the biennial period ending December 31, 1918, with remarks of interest and recommendations for its necessities for the period July 1, 1919, to June 30, 1921.

I desire to invite your attention to the fact that my administration of this department covers a period of only three months and ten days, and the balance of the period by General Samuel I. Johnson from July 1, 1917 to February 28, 1918, at which time Colonel, then Major Will Wayne took office until September 21, 1918, on which date I was appointed Acting Adjutant General.

Under General Johnson's administration, by direction of the Secretary of War and with the approval of the Commanding General, Hawaiian Department, by General Orders No. 12, dated this office June 26, 1917, effective July 1, 1917, the Second, Third, and Fourth Regiments, and the First Separate Company, Hawaiian Infantry, National Guard, as then organized, and stationed on the islands of Hawaii, Maui, and Kauai, were consolidated into one regiment designated the Second Regiment, Hawaiian Infantry, National Guard, and organized and stationed as follows:

Regimental Headquarters, Headquarters Company, Machine Gun Company, Supply Company, and First Battalion, Island of Hawaii.

Second Battalion, Island of Maui.

Third Battalion, Island of Kauai.

On July 1, 1917, the National Guard as then constituted, was organized and stationed as shown in the following table:

Branch of Service.	Station	Enlisted	
		Officers	Men
Brigade Headquarters	Oahu	1	6
Staff Corps and Departments.....	Oahu	5	15
Dental Corps	Oahu	3
1st Regiment Infantry	Oahu	51	1363
Sanitary Detachment, Medical Corps.....	Oahu	1	21
2d Regiment, less 2d and 3d Battalions.....	Hawaii	21	649
Sanitary Detachment, Medical Corps.....	Hawaii	1	10
2d Battalion, 2d Infantry.....	Mau	14	516
Sanitary Detachment, Medical Corps.....	Mau	1	7
3d Battalion, 2d Infantry	Kauai	14	554
Sanitary Detachment, Medical Corps.....	Kauai	1	5
1st Separate Troop of Cavalry.....	Hawaii	2	57
1st Separate Company of Engineers.....	Oahu	0	6
Co. B, Signal Corps	Oahu	1	28
		<u>116</u>	<u>3237</u>

Mobilization for Federal Service.

On June 1, 1918, pursuant to instructions from the War Department, the First and Second Regiments of Infantry, and the commissioned and enlisted personnel of the Medical Corps attached, were drafted into Federal service, and the following table shows the number of officers and enlisted men drafted, including Medical Corps:

	Officers.			Enlisted Men.		
	Reported	Rejected	Accepted	Reported	Rejected	Accepted
1st Infantry....	52	0	52	1,384	377	1,047
2nd Inf.....	53	4	49	1,741	288	1,453
Totals.....	<u>105</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>101</u>	<u>3,125</u>	<u>665</u>	<u>2,500</u>

The total of officers and enlisted men rejected is 20.07 per cent of the number reporting. This, however, in the case of enlisted men, does not mean that rejections were all given for physical disability, a large proportion of these rejections being due to other causes.

In the mobilization of the Guard, credit must be given to the Territorial Quartermaster and his corps for the dispatch with which the schedule was prepared and the manner in which

it was carried out in the transportation of troops and equipment from stations outside of Honolulu.

Mention must also be made of the excellent co-operation by the management of the Inter-Island Steamship Navigation Company, Ltd., in the carrying out of the schedule of transportation, all of which was accomplished without any accident to life or property.

Officers and Enlisted Men Called Into Federal Service.

During 1917 and 1918, prior to the induction of the First and Second Regiments into the Federal Service, there were 25 officers and 102 enlisted men authorized to attend three Reserve Officers' Training Camps held at Schofield Barracks, Oahu. Of these there were 21 officers and 75 enlisted men discharged from the Guard and accepted in the Military services of the United States. In addition to the above, one officer (General Samuel I. Johnson) was called from the National Guard into Federal service with the rank of Major, and six others with the rank held by them in the Guard at the time they were called. In this connection, it may be said that the showing made and results obtained by the officers and enlisted men at the Reserve Officers' Training Camps; the number of officers called into Federal service with the rank then held by them, and the fact that nearly all of the officers and non-commissioned officers drafted June 1, 1918, retained their former, and in many cases a higher rank, is cause for gratification and shows to great advantage the result of the military training as conducted in the National Guard. Credit for this success must be given to the untiring zeal of Major Edward F. Witsell, U.S.A., the Senior Inspector-Instructor, who during the short time at his disposal, including the time put in at the annual encampment of 1917, did everything within his power to correct errors and bring the organization to as near a state of efficiency for active duty as possible.

Reorganization of the Guard.

With the loss of 105 officers and 3,125 enlisted men, and the depletion of officers and enlisted men of the First Separate Company of Engineers, and Company B, Signal Corps, caused

by transfers made to the First and Second Regiments before mobilization, and with only 11 officers and 13 enlisted men remaining, it was thought best to immediately take steps to reorganize the National Guard and recruit a regiment under authority granted in Circular Letter No. 3, Militia Bureau, 1918. A recruiting campaign was started on Oahu and Hawaii by means of advertising, public meetings, printed literature, and personal canvas. From its inception and up to November 28, 1918, considerable correspondence and several wireless messages between this office and the War Department regarding the status of the National Guard were exchanged, and on November 28, 1918, a radio was received by the Commanding General, Hawaiian Department, authorizing the completion of the organization of the Fifth Regiment, the radio reading as follows:

“Washington, November 27, 1918.

Commanding General, Honolulu.

“Secwar authorizes completion Fifth Regiment, National Guard. Notify Governor.

“Heavey, Acting Chief Militia Bureau.”

With this authority, things took on new life in the matter of recruiting, and it is expected that within the very near future the organization of the Fifth Regiment will be completed. The following table shows the actual strength of the National Guard and the authorized strength as prescribed by present tables of organization as contemplated to be maintained as a National Guard in the Territory:

Strength National Guard December 31, 1918, and Authorized Strength, Tables of Organization.

Branches of Service	Stations	Actual Strength		Authorized Strength	
		Officers	†Men	Officers	†Men
Adjutant General Office.....	Oahu	3	0	1	0
Staff Corps and Department..	“	7	19	10	29
Dental Corps	“	1	1
Reg. of Infantry less 3d Bat.	“	2	0	7
Headquarters Company	“	0	0	1	58
Supply Company	“	1	11	2	29
Machine Gun Company	“	0	0	4	74
8 Lettered Companies.....	“	17	425	24	1200

Sanitary Department, M.C.....	"	2	6	4	21
3rd Battalion Hqts., Hilo.....	Hawaii	1	1	2
*4 Lettered Companies, Other Islands		1	220	12	600
Sanitary Detachment, M.C.....	Hawaii	1	0	1	6
2 Companies Coast Artillery..	Oahu	1	39	6	220
		42	721	74	2237

* All Other Islands.

† Enlisted Men.

Company A with three officers and 119 enlisted men, and Company B with three officers and 100 enlisted men, both stationed in Honolulu, Oahu; Companies I with three officers and 113 enlisted men, and K with three officers and 107 enlisted men, stationed in Hawaii, have all been inspected for recognition, Company A having been extended Federal recognition as of September 5, 1918, and Company B as of November 8, 1918.

Armory Instruction.

Schools for officers and enlisted men in Honolulu are being conducted once a week under the supervision of an officer, Inspector-Instructor, and a Sergeant Instructor from the United States Army, and in Hawaii by the Battalion Commander. This work is in addition to company drills under sergeants selected from the 1st Hawaiian Infantry, U. S. Good progress is being made along these lines. All this work is being done on prepared schedules of instructions approved by the Commanding General, Hawaiian Department. Work is being pushed to the limit and every one showing a lively interest as attendance at all periods show.

Organizations Disbanded.

Owing to the number of officers and enlisted men who upon their request were transferred from the First Separate Company of Engineers and Company B, Signal Corps, the lack of attendance at drills and the neglect of duties required under regulations by the First Separate Troop of Cavalry, this department recommended that these units be disbanded. The recommendation in each case was approved by the Secretary of War and under the authority granted, these units were disbanded by Special Orders No. 55, dated this office, October

11, 1918. With the exception of one officer of Company B, Signal Corps, all others were transferred to the National Guard Reserve as were also all enlisted men of the First Separate Troop of Cavalry, the enlisted men of the First Separate Company of Engineers and Company B, Signal Corps being transferred to active organizations of the Guard.

Emergency Active Duty.

On October 13, 1917, this department, at the request of the Territorial Board of Health, through the Governor of Hawaii, furnished a military guard for the Nuuanu Valley Water-shed, and under General Orders No. 16, dated this office October 13, 1917, the Commanding Officer of the First Infantry was instructed to carry out this duty. The guard was maintained from that date until January 31, 1918, on which last mentioned date it was discontinued and the troops withdrawn under executive order of that date. The nature of the work at the time of the year it occurred was a hard test of the officers and enlisted men. Heavy rains which fell during nearly all the time they were on duty made guard duty very uncomfortable, men being wet through for days at a time; it being impracticable to make changes of clothing and shoes, resulting in a financial loss to the individuals and to the Federal Government in shoes and clothing and other property. However, this duty was cheerfully performed, and it is believed to the satisfaction of the Territorial Board of Health at whose request the Guard was maintained.

It seems fitting here to invite your attention particularly to the inequitable provisions of the Territorial Militia Law relating to pay of enlisted men on active duty, which is as follows:

Section 223, Revised Laws 1915, as amended by Section 9, Session Laws 1917, the pay of enlisted men while on active duty. Enlisted men while on active duty in the service of the Territory, except during periods of encampment, maneuvers, and other exercises including outdoor target practice, shall receive pay at the rate of two dollars (\$2.00) per day. This provision as will be seen allows a flat rate regardless of the grade of the enlisted man. It is believed that it is an injustice

to the men who strive by hard study, attention, and personal interest to make themselves more efficient and ready to carry out the duties for which they are appointed, who, when called to serve, do so at a financial loss to themselves, and should be paid on a more equitable standard and in keeping with that of enlisted men in the service of the United States.

The Organic Act prescribes that the Governor may call out the Militia of the Territory to prevent or suppress lawless violence, invasion, insurrection, or rebellion in the Territory. To accomplish this, it is required that a sufficient number of military units be maintained throughout the Territory as an organized militia. It is deemed advisable that the present law be amended at the next session of the Legislature so that enlisted men will be compensated in an adequate way for the time given when required to preserve order or to protect local interests when called upon.

Camps of Instruction.

To comply with the provisions of the National Defense Act of June 3, 1916, relating to camps of instruction, National Guard, this office early in the month of July, 1917, began plans for the annual encampment of the First Brigade. Commanding officers of all units stationed outside of Honolulu and the Commanding General of the Hawaiian Department were communicated with as to time and possibility of securing as large an attendance as possible. The Territorial Quartermaster was instructed to prepare a schedule for the transportation of troops and equipment; also an estimate for the Federal allowance.

All arrangements having been completed, the entire National Guard was ordered into camp at Kawailoa, Oahu, by authority of the Commanding General, Hawaiian Department, General Orders No. 35, 1917, for a period of fifteen days, commencing November 9, 1917, the troops ordered to participate being as follows:

- Brigade Headquarters;
- Staff Corps and Departments, Hawaiian N.G.
- First Hawaiian Infantry, (less one company).
- Second Hawaiian Infantry.
- First Separate Troop of Hawaiian Cavalry.

Field Company B, Hawaiian Signal Corps.
Detachments, Hawaiian Medical Departments.

These were preceded by a detachment composed of members of the Quartermaster Corps and 24 men of Company B, 1st Hawaiian Infantry, sent out on November 7, 1917, to prepare a camp site and establish a station as distributing point of supplies for the Staff Corps and Departments.

The entire Brigade was in camp by the thirteenth of November, the Second Regiment and the Troop of Cavalry having been mobilized from the stations outside of Honolulu in four days, there being under canvas 115 officers and 3213 enlisted men, and from that time to the close of the camp, with an average attendance of approximately 110 officers and 3150 enlisted men. This is by far the largest body of National Guard troops ever assembled in one camp in this Territory.

A large detail of officers and enlisted men of the Regular Army with Major, then Captain Edward F. Witsell as Senior Inspector-Instructor, was furnished for instruction purposes by orders of the Commanding General, Hawaiian Department. The instruction was comprehensive and was ably conducted. The highest praise must be extended to these officers and enlisted men for their zealous work and the interest taken by them to see that all officers and enlisted men of the Guard were properly instructed in their duties.

The officers and men of the Guard showed their willingness at all times by their presence at drills and lectures given, but it is to be regretted, as reports show, that the schedule prepared for the work of the Brigade while in camp was interrupted by what was apparent to be a loss of time in preparing for reviews and formations for picture taking which consumed about three days and which should have been used to better advantage. This interference and the almost continual absence of the Brigade Commander from the camp was the cause of much adverse comment and dissatisfaction.

The sanitation of the camp was exceptionally good considering the large proportion of inexperienced officers and men. Credit for this must be given to medical officers of the Army who ably assisted the medical officers of the National Guard.

The discipline started very lax. This was due to the fact that this was the first experience of the great majority of the men in a military camp under officers and enlisted men of the Regular Army, but marked improvement was noticeable before the close of the camp.

Although it was claimed that the camp was not as successful as it might have been, yet a great deal was learned by the officers and enlisted men of the Guard which proved of value when the Guard was again mobilized for induction into the Federal Service. In future camps, steps will be taken to prevent the occurrence of the things complained of, and it is believed that good results will be gained by past experience.

With only a very small number of officers and enlisted men remaining in the Guard, no encampment was held this year.

Rifle Practice.

No rifle team was sent to the National Guard competition held 1918 at Camp Perry for the reasons that notice of the National competition was received by this office about the time that teams from the various states were ready to start, and even if a team had been gotten together, transportation from Honolulu was not obtainable. From the very small number of officers and enlisted men remaining in the Guard after June 1, 1918, it was doubtful if a team that could make a creditable showing could be sent from here, particularly in view of the fact that the rules prescribed would compel the men to shoot with a rifle of the model of 1917, which had just been issued. With the issue of this new rifle to Company A, which has received Federal recognition, and as new rifles of this make will be issued to other organizations as they are recognized, this department will make an effort to have a team represent Hawaii in the National competition of 1919.

Considerable gallery practice was had during the year as a part of the schedule of instruction given the companies organized and now under organization.

Target shooting was held by the First Infantry on the Punchbowl Range before mobilization, and also by the new organization of the Fifth Regiment, the season closing Novem-

ber 30, 1918. The officers and men have shown a great interest in this class of training and are looking forward to the opening of the new season with the expectation of qualifying for the team to represent Hawaii in the National Shoot if one be held in 1919.

Armories.

The armories belonging to the Territory are as follows:

1 Honolulu, Oahu, concrete.

1 Hilo, Hawaii, frame.

1 Wailuku, Maui, frame.

1 Lahaina, Maui, frame.

1 Lihue, Kauai, frame.

1 Kohala, Hawaii, small frame building was used as a storeroom and Company office.

Only the armory in Honolulu and the one in Hilo are being used at present, but with the authorized completion of the 5th Regiment, it is expected that all others will soon be in use as steps are being taken to have the new units organized at the places where the armories are located.

Equipment.

Almost all of the old equipment issued by the Federal government for the use of the National Guard was taken with the 1st and 2nd Regiments and Sanitary Detachments, and the balance is being returned, including property of the three disbanded organizations as authorized by the Secretary of War.

In equipping the 5th Regiment and two companies of Coast Artillery, it is estimated that the equipment to be furnished by the Federal Government will cost approximately two-hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000.00). This equipment will be issued as new companies are organized and recognized.

Naval Militia.

The Hawaii Naval Militia which was organized under Act 151, Session Laws 1915, and consisting of one deck division and an engineer division, was drafted into Federal Service under telegraphic instruction received by the Commander in Chief, and the following named officers and enlisted men being accepted into the service:

Officers.

Lieutenant Commander W. H. Stroud,
 Lieutenant (j.g.) J. A. McKeown,
 Passed Asst. Paymaster C. D. Bishop,
 Ensign H. W. Engel,
 Ensign L. W. Branch,
 Ensign G. A. McEldowney,
 Ensign S. W. Tay.

Enlisted Men.

Miller, J. F.....	Chief Boatswain's Mate
Miles, T. T.....	Chief Yeoman
Ross, E. A.....	Chief Mach. Mate
Wight, F. H.....	Chief Mach. Mate
Whittington, W. R.....	Chief Water-tender
Fischer, J. H.....	Chief Pharmacist's Mate
Hart, L. H.....	Gunner's Mate 1st Class
Honan, J. P.....	Carpenter's Mate 1st Class
Hingley, E. E.....	Mach. Mate 1st Class
Jelf, W. P.....	Quartermaster, 1st Class
Linn, R. N.....	Yeoman, 1st Class
Schultz, F.	Boatswain's Mate, 1st Class
Monte, J. M.....	Mach. Mate, 1st Class
Beerman, O. M.....	Electrician, 3rd Class
Buchanan, G.	Watertender
Dunn, G. K.....	Mach. Mate, 2nd Class
Iseke, L.....	Mach. Mate, 2nd Class
Sanford, G. H.....	Oiler
Wilberts, M. E.....	Watertender
Townsend, J. S.....	Watertender
Bent, D. K.	Seaman, 2nd Class
Boyd, R. N.	Seaman, 2nd Class
Crozier, E. T.....	Seaman, 2nd Class
Fook, W. S.....	Seaman, 2nd Class
Gilman, J.	Seaman, 2nd Class
Kahn, V.	Seaman, 2nd Class
Kalakua, J.	Seaman, 2nd Class
Mossman, W. L.....	Seaman, 2nd Class

Perry, G.Seaman, 2nd Class
 Wilcox, E.Seaman, 2nd Class

Bent, H.Apprentice Seaman
 Buchanan, H. A.Apprentice Seaman
 Chan, H. K.Apprentice Seaman
 Frank, J.Apprentice Seaman
 Gomes, A. P.Apprentice Seaman
 Keliiaa, J.Apprentice Seaman
 Schimmelfennig, W. G. F.Apprentice Seaman

Alana, J.Fireman, 3rd Class
 Iona, W.Fireman, 3rd Class
 Kama, F.Fireman, 3rd Class
 Ladd, E. H.Fireman, 3rd Class
 Nunes, J. C.Fireman, 3rd Class
 Oliveira, J.Fireman, 3rd Class

It is believed that the large percentage of rejections of enlisted men was caused by the rigid physical examination to which they were submitted.

The balance, 49 enlisted men, being discharged during the year 1918 for various reasons, there is no Naval Militia organization remaining in Hawaii, and it is doubtful if any steps will again be taken to organize a unit of this branch of the service.

Finances.

Military Department.		Balance.
Salaries 1917.....	\$ 36,840.00	\$
Paid by Warrants, Auditor, H. H.....	15,337.27	21,502.73
Salaries, Amended Act 28, 1918.....	15,600.00	
Paid by Warrants, Auditor, T. H.....	8,400.00	7,200.00
General Expenses 1917.....	40,000.00	
Paid by Warrants, Auditor, T. H.....	31,259.11	8,740.89
Regimental and Company Expenses, 1917	68,000.00	
Paid by Warrants, Auditor, T. H.....	22,978.54	45,021.46
Forward		82,465.08

	Forward	82,465.08
Pay Officers and Enlisted Men (Camps of Instruction), 1917.....	47,580.00	
Paid by Warrants, Auditor, T. H.....	29,799.16	17,780.84
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Hospital Expenses and Aid Militia.....	2,500.00	
Paid by Warrants, Auditor, T. H.....	164.60	2,335.40
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Compensation and Expenses (Commanding General and Inspectors), 1918.....	5,200.00	
	356.96	4,843.04
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Emergency Appropriation, 1917.....	15,500.00	
Paid by Warrants, Auditor, T. H.....	15,500.00	
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Recruiting Campaign	1,000.00	
Paid by Warrants, Auditor, T. H.....	838.43	161.57
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Benefit or Relief of the families of certain members of the National Guard called to the colors.....	100,000.00	100,000.00
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Pay and Subsistence Officers and Enlisted Men N.G.H., on special duty.....	10,000.00	
Paid by warrants, Auditor, T. H.....	9,811.80	188.20
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		207,774.13

NAVAL MILITIA.

Commanding Officer	4,800.00	4,800.00
Salary of yeoman permanent duty.....	2,400.00	2,400.00
Pay Enlisted Men on cruises.....	5,040.00	5,040.00
Subsistence on cruises.....	5,000.00	5,000.00
Maintenance and Expense.....	11,000.00	
Paid by Warrants, Auditor, T. H.....	32.45	10,967.55
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		\$28,207.55

RECOMMENDATIONS APPROPRIATION BIENNIAL PERIOD

July 1, 1919—June 30, 1921.

Special Salaries:

The Adjutant General's Department:

Adjutant General	\$350.00	\$8,400.00	\$
Assistant Adjutant General.....	250.00	6,000.00	
Clerk	150.00	3,600.00	
Stenographer	125.00	3,000.00	
Messenger	75.00	1,800.00	22,800.00
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Department, Commanding Officer—Expense:

Commander of Troops and Instructors	\$150.00	\$3,600.00	\$
Clerk and Stenographer.....	100.00	2,400.00	6,000.00
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Forward \$28,800.00

	Forward		\$28,800.00
Other Officers and Employees:			
Assistant to Property Officer.....	\$150.00	\$3,600.00	
Property Clerk	100.00	2,400.00	
Armorer	100.00	2,400.00	
Janitor	75.00	1,800.00	
			\$10,200.00
General Expense:			
Furniture and Fixtures:			
Filing Cases, Chairs, Etc.....		\$ 500.00	
Repairs Furniture		200.00	
Repairs Typewriters		500.00	\$ 1,200.00
Buildings:			
Completion buildings Punch- bowl		\$ 1,000.00	\$
Prisoners & Keepers building		1,000.00	2,000.00
Transportation:			
Freight and Cartage		500.00	
Passage—Officers and Enlist- ed Men, Inspections.....		750.00	1,250.00
Incidentals:			
Rifle Practice		\$ 750.00	\$
Flags		250.00	
Tolls, Telephones & Wireless		300.00	
Stationery and Printing.....		700.00	
Hotel and Incidental Expenses, Inspections		500.00	
Ice, Water, Cups, Towels, Soap, all Buildings		250.00	
Washing and Repairing Uni- forms		500.00	
Cleaning Material and Tools		500.00	
Publications, Forms, Etc.		1,000.00	
Upkeep Automobiles		3,000.00	
Expense U.S.P. & D. Officer		1,000.00	
Electric Light (All Buildings)		3,000.00	
Telephone		875.00	12,625.00
Regimental and Company			
Expenses: 20 Units			7,200.00
Armories' Upkeep:			
6, All Islands			3,000.00
Transportation:			
Officers and Enlisted Men....		500.00	
Upkeep Automobile, Hawaii..		500.00	1,000.00
Incidentals:			
Telephones		\$ 500.00	\$
Tolls, Wireless & Telephones		500.00	
Stationery and Printing.....		275.00	
Clerical Work & Labor, Extra		1,500.00	2,775.00
			\$ 70,050.00

	Forward	\$70,050.00
All Ranges:		
Upkeep of Buildings, etc, and		
Ranges	1,250.00	
Keeper, Punchbowl Target		
Range	1,200.00	2,450.00
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Camps of Instruction:		
Pay of Troops & Expenses....		27,500.00
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		\$100,000.00

Expenditure Federal Funds.

The following report filed by the Territorial Quartermaster, Hawaiian National Guard, who is also the U. S. Property and Disbursing Officer, shows the Federal Funds expended during the period from January 1, 1917, to December, 1918:

"December 21, 1918.

From: U. S. Property and Disbursing Officer, N.G.H.

To: The Adjutant General, Territory of Hawaii.

Subject: Report Federal Funds expended 7/1/17 to 12/21/18.

1. I have the honor to submit the following report of monies received from the War Department of the U. S. for the National Guard of Hawaii from July 1st, 1917, to December 21st, 1918, and for what purposes the same were expended.

2. All monies were obtained at my recommendation by requisition made by the Governor of the Territory on the Secretary of War who, if he approved of same, deposited the amount with the Treasurer of the U. S. to my credit. All payments were made by me by my check on the Treasurer of the U. S. in favor of the party paid, except in the case of pay rolls which had to be paid in cash, when check was drawn in my favor for the cash.

During this period there was placed to my credit with the Treasurer of the United States for account of the National Guard of Hawaii\$159,254.92
 Of this amount I expended on proper vouchers..... 107,411.32
 I redeposited with the Treasurer of the United States the unexpended balance 51,843.60

The expenditures were as follows:

Camp of Instruction, pay of officers and enlisted men.....	61,338.55
" " " transportation officers and enlisted men	6,234.50
" " " subsistence of enlisted men.....	22,622.22

Camp of Instruction, medicines, fuel and freight.....	\$5,349.79
“ “ “ water system and supply	5,529.56
Total for Camp of Instruction.....	\$101,074.62
Expenses selected officers at Army Training Schools.....	2,032.63
Pay of Property and Disbursing Officer for the N.G.H.....	1,636.99
Expenses sergeant-instructors	1,626.53
Travel, sergeant-instructors	20.00
Rifle Practice and Target Ranges.....	862.13
Total	\$107,252.90
In addition to the expenditures made directly by this office, there was paid by the Quartermaster Department, U. S. A., upon transportation requests and Government Bills of Lading issued by me for transportation of 2nd Hawaiian Infantry, N.G.H., to Camp of Instruction.....	\$ 16,265.05
And for Freight on Equipment of 2nd Hawaiian Infantry, N. G. H.	3,107.50
A total of	\$ 19,372.55
Thus making the total expenses of the Camp of Instruction and the total money expended from Federal Funds for the National Guard of Hawaii, through this office during the above period was	\$120,447.17
	\$126,265.45

JOHN W. SHORT,
Major, Q. M. Corps, N.G.H.
U. S. Property and Disbursing Officer.”

Federal pay to officers and enlisted men of the National Guard since June 6, 1916, is not shown in tabulated form as no record was kept, the reason for this being that Treasury checks were made out payable direct to those entitled to pay. However, it is estimated that at least \$100,000.00 has been paid to members of the National Guard during this period for drill attendance as prescribed under the National Defense Act of June 3, 1916. This is still in force and the officers and enlisted men of the new companies (Company “A” of the 5th Regiment) will receive for the period since Federal recognition September 5 to December 31, 1918, the sum of one thousand six hundred fifty-six and 15/100 dollars (\$1,656.15), representing an attendance of sixteen drills.

Conclusion.

The incumbent assumed the duties of the office of the Adjutant General, Territory of Hawaii, under appointment of the Governor as Acting Adjutant General, September 21, 1918, the appointment as Adjutant General being announced by the

Secretary of War, through the Commanding General, Hawaiian Department, September 27, 1918.

The work started by Colonel Wayne in organizing a new regiment was continued, and on November 27, 1918, the War Department authorized the completion of the 5th Regiment, and everything possible is being done to accomplish this. In recruiting the new organization, the Territory assumes new responsibilities, and with the faithful attendance and the time given by the new officers and men at drills and schools for the last six months without uniforms nor equipment, their spirit and enthusiasm is indeed commendable, and it is hoped that the Legislature of 1919 will give the reorganized National Guard consideration for its needs for the next biennial period.

With the new organization and since taking office, it was thought best to establish a new system of appointing commissioned and noncommissioned officers, and on September 27, 1918, General Order No. 13 was issued, announcing the policy of preliminary examinations on certain subjects to be passed by candidates before appointments should be made. So far this has worked satisfactorily, and still better results are expected.

Building up a new organization, with absolutely raw recruits, and with a scarcity of experienced officers, has been a difficult task. With the demobilization of the 1st and 2nd Regiments of Hawaiian Infantry, it is confidently expected that a considerable number of officers and enlisted men will come back to this organization. As these men have had several months of most intensive training, their addition to the men already enlisted will insure a very much more efficient Guard organization than existed before the two regiments were mustered into Federal service.

Respectfully submitted,

HARRY S. HAYWARD,
Colonel, N. G. H.
The Adjutant General, T. H.

ROSTER HAWAII NATIONAL GUARD,

December 31, 1918.

Hon. Charles J. McCarthy, Governor and Commander-in-Chief.
Staff.

Harry S. Hayward, Colonel, Adjutant General.....	Sept. 4, 1918
Joaquim M. Camara, Major Ordn., Assistant Adjutant General	Nov. 12, 1915
John W. Short, (Brevet. Lieut. Col.), Major, Q.M.C., Territorial Quartermaster	Jan. 1, 1914
Henry Van Gieson, Major, Q.M.C.....	May 14, 1918
Frederic L. Morong, Major, Medical Corps.....	June 5, 1918
Leopold G. Blackman, Major, Insp. Gen. and Aid to the Governor	July 18, 1918
Arthur G. Smith, Major, Judge Advocate Gen.....	Aug. 15, 1918
Jay C. Ramey, Captain, Signal Corps (Survey Officer)	Oct. 31, 1917
Jasper L. Pittenger, Captain, Q.M.C.....	June 1, 1918
Edward M. Bolton, Captain, Q.M.C.....	June 25, 1918
Clarence H. Cooke, Infantry.....	Sept. 7, 1918
Gordon Porter, 1st Lieut., Medical Corps.....	June 25, 1918
William A. DeTuncq, 1st Lieut., Medical Corps.....	July 18, 1918
Dai Y. Chan, 1st Lieut., Dental Corps.....	May 3, 1918

Field and Line.

Majors:

George B. Schrader, 1st Bn., 5th Inf.....	Sept. 19, 1918
Walter V. Allen, 3d Bn., 5th Inf.....	Nov. 25, 1918

Captains:

Benjamin Ka-ne, 4th Prov. Co., 5th Inf.....	Aug. 5, 1908
William B. Hopkins, Co. A, 5th Inf.....	July 10, 1918
John C. Lo, 3d Prov. Co., 5th Inf.....	July 10, 1918
William L. Whitney, Prov. Co., C.A.C.....	July 25, 1918
Louis R. Medeiros, 5th Prov. Co., 5th Inf.....	Aug. 9, 1918
Glenn E. Jackson, Co. B, 5th Inf.....	Oct. 23, 1918
Robert R. McEldowney, Prov. Supply Co.....	Nov. 15, 1918
Joseph S. Caceres, Co. I, 5th Inf.....	Nov. 25, 1918
Albert P. Christian, Co. K, 5th Inf.....	Nov. 25, 1918

First Lieutenants:

Mark R. Houghtailing, Adjnt., 1st Bn., 5th Inf.....	Feb. 26, 1914
David K. Sherwood, Co. A, 5th Inf.....	June 19, 1918

Rolla K. Thomas, 3d Prov. Co., 5th Inf.....	June 19, 1918
John V. Marcial, Co. I, 5th Inf.....	Aug. 7, 1918
Joseph Ordenstein, 4th Prov Co., 5th Inf.....	Aug. 9, 1918
John F. Ness, Co. B, 5th Inf.....	Oct. 23, 1918
Lester P. Sorensen, Co. K, 5th Inf.....	Nov. 25, 1918
Harry I. Kurisaki, 6th Prov. Co.....	Feb. 11, 1918
George G. Fuller, 5th Prov. Co., 5th Inf.....	Dec. 31, 1918

Second Lieutenants:

John H. Magoon, 4th Prov. Co., 5th Inf.....	Aug. 9, 1918
Richard Benny, Co. B, 5th Inf.....	Nov. 4, 1918
John C. Plankinton, Co. I, 5th Inf.....	Nov. 25, 1918
Harold E. Starratt, Co. K, 5th Inf.....	Nov. 25, 1918
Lawrence A. Kerr, 6th Prov. Co., 5th Inf.....	Dec. 1, 1918
Thomas J. Carter, Co. A, 5th Inf.....	Dec. 1, 1918
Bung H. Choy, 3d Prov. Co., 5th Inf.....	Dec. 1, 1918

National Guard Reserve

Captains:

George F. Cummings, Inf.
 Charles R. Frazer, Inf.
 Samuel T. Hill, Coast Artillery.
 Kenneth C. Hopper, Inf.
 William F. Ka-ne, Inf.
 John W. Caldwell, Engrs.

1st Lieutenants:

Joseph M. Ambrose, Inf.
 William H. Beers, Inf.
 Everett S. Black,
 Manuel V. Fernandes, Inf.
 James Lemon, Inf.
 Albert P. McDougall, Inf.
 Samuel K. Parker, Cavalry.
 David Reinhardt, Inf.
 Lewis E. Haehnlén, Inf.

Second Lieutenants:

William G. Barringer, Inf.
 Harold Blomfield, Inf.
 George Brandt, Inf.

James K. Burges, Inf.
 Edward E. Fountain, Inf.
 Albert N. Lindsay, Cavalry.
 Manuel M. Machado, Inf.
 John S. Mackenzie, Inf.
 John Makanani, Inf.
 James L. Perry, Inf.
 Ben Williams, Inf.

Retired Officers.

(Authorized under Section 199, Revised Laws of Hawaii, 1915, but not recognized under the National Defense Act, June 3, 1916.)

John H. Soper, Brigadier General.....	G. O. 1, April 2, 1907
James W. Pratt, Lieutenant Colonel.....	G. O. 11, July 5, 1918
Thomas E. Wall, Major.....	G. O. 10, March 30, 1907
Robert H. Dinegar, Major.....	G. O. 13, Aug. 24, 1909
A. Gartenberg, Captain.....	G. O. 15, March 21, 1899
Paul Smith, Captain.....	G. O. 26, Nov. 9, 1899
T. H. Petrie, Captain	G. O. 26, Nov. 9, 1899
Chas. B. Cottrell, Captain.....	G. O. 10, Oct. 22, 1900
Chas. Wilcox, Captain.....	G. O. 1, Feb. 13, 1902
W. G. Ashley, Captain.....	G. O. 2, Feb. 26, 1902
Ed. Towse, Captain	G. O. 26, Dec. 3, 1908
Orland J. Whitehead, Captain	G. O. 16, Oct. 22, 1909
Archibald A. Sinclair, Captain.....	G. O. 3, March 8, 1910
John Evanson, Captain	G. O. 25, Sept. 24, 1898
R. Friederdorff, 1st Lieut.....	G. O. 12, Dec. 3, 1900
C. M. C. Foster, 1st Lieut.	G. O. 21, Sept. 18, 1901
John Wirud, 2nd Lieut.	G. O. 19, July 26, 1910
Henry Kailimai, 2nd Lieut.....	G. O. 7, March 3, 1911

HARRY S. HAYWARD,
 Colonel, N.G.H.

The Adjutant General of Hawaii.