

Annual Report

of the

Military Department

Territory of Hawaii

July 1, 1930 to June 30, 1931

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HONOLULU, HAWAII
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1931

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL
TERRITORY OF HAWAII
THE ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE
HONOLULU

July 28, 1931

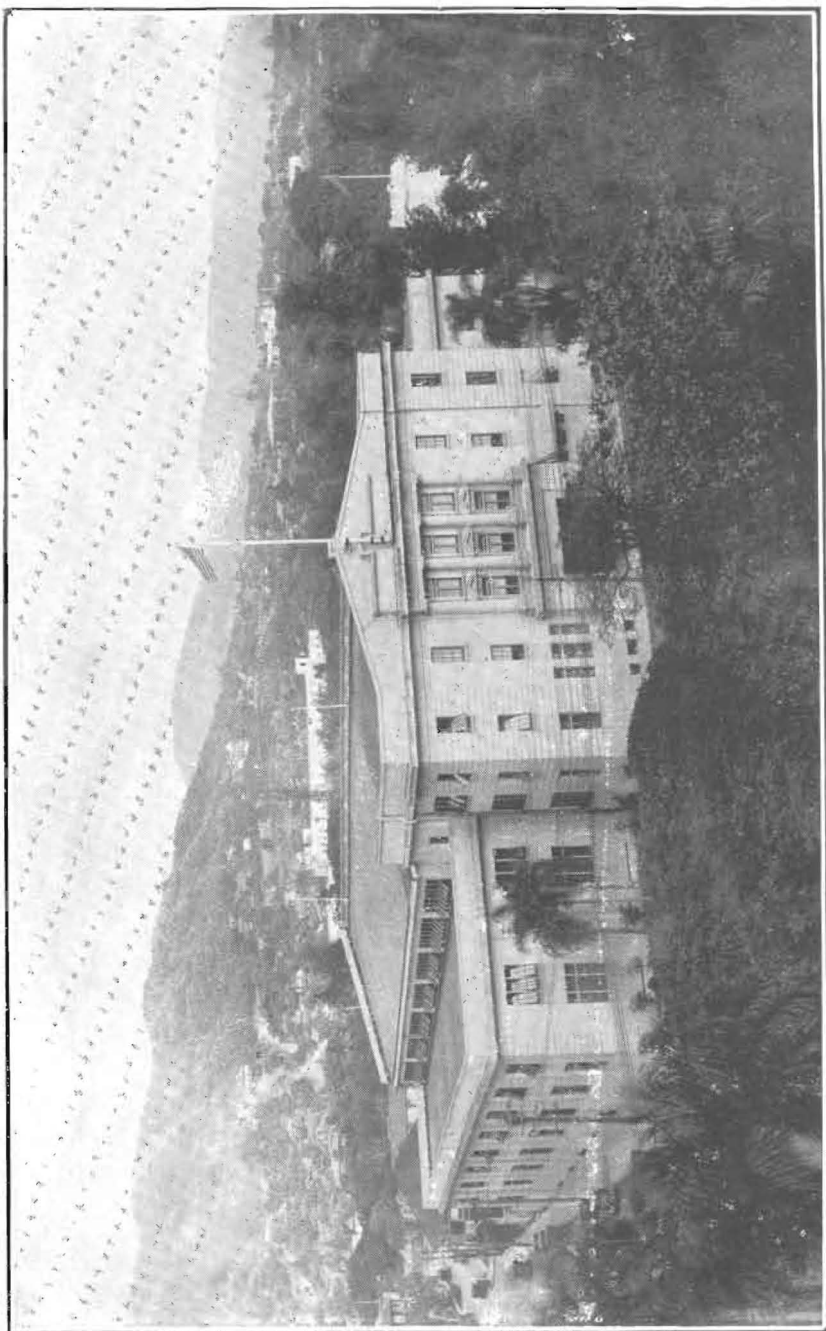
His Excellency, Lawrence M. Judd,
Governor of Hawaii,
Honolulu, T. H.

Your Excellency:

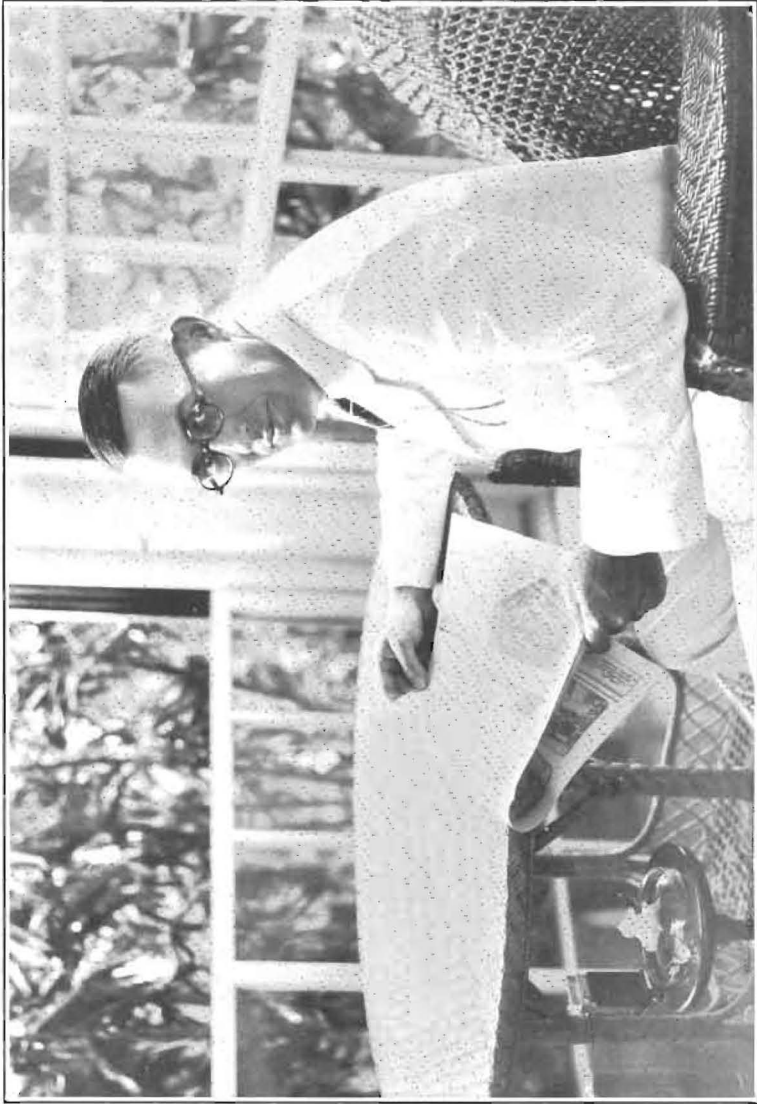
In compliance with the request of Your Excellency under date of May 23, 1931, and in compliance with Section 213, Revised Laws of Hawaii 1925, as amended by Act 58, Session Laws of 1927, I have the honor to submit the Annual Report of the Military Department, Territory of Hawaii, for the period of July 1, 1930 to June 30, 1931.

Respectfully,

P. M. SMOOT,
Colonel, Infantry,
The Adjutant General.



THE HONOLULU ARMORY
Headquarters Hawaii National Guard, Honolulu, T. H.



HIS EXCELLENCY, LAWRENCE M. JUDD, GOVERNOR OF HAWAII

**LIST OF THE ADJUTANTS GENERAL OF THE
TERRITORY OF HAWAII**

Name	Rank	From	To
John H. Soper	Lieut. Colonel	July 6, 1894	August 6, 1903
	Colonel	August 7, 1903	April 1, 1907
John W. Jones	Colonel	April 2, 1907	August 15, 1915
Samuel I. Johnson	Brig. General	August 16, 1915	February 19, 1918
Will Wayne	Major	Actg. Mar. 1, 1918	
	Colonel	App. June 8, 1918	Sept. 21, 1918
Harry S. Hayward	Colonel	App. Sep. 23, 1918	February 8, 1921
William D. Potter	Colonel	February 9, 1921	July 31, 1923
John W. Short	Major	Actg. Aug. 1, 1923	August 24, 1923
Perry M. Smoot	Colonel	App. Aug. 25, 1923	Incumbent

NOTE: Periods of "Acting The Adjutant General" shown only in cases where there was no actual The Adjutant General.

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ANNUAL REPORT
OF THE
MILITARY DEPARTMENT

Territory of Hawaii

July 1, 1930 to June 30, 1931

GENERAL REMARKS

To facilitate the work of these headquarters and conform to the usual efficient method of conducting a military headquarters the office administration of this Department is divided into seven (7) Sections, as follows:

- (1)—Personnel
- (2)—Intelligence
- (3)—Plans and Training
- (4)—Supply and Transportation
- (5)—Finance
- (6)—Communications
- (7)—Legal

In addition to the above, there are other activities that come under one or more of the above headings. Increased efficiency and progress have been shown in practically every Section during the past year.

The military force of this Territory is gaining the wholesome respect of the civil population at large and the Territory has a dependable force upon which it can call at any time under any circumstances and be assured that it will be a credit to this Territory.

Regular Army Instructors—Considerable credit for the present efficient status of our Guard is due to our Regular Army Instructors. There are at present 3 officers and 3 noncommissioned officers on duty with the Hawaii National Guard, as follows:

ISLAND OF OAHU

Captain Clinton E. Fenters, Inf., D.O.L., Honolulu.
Staff Sergeant Robert Townsend, D.E.M.L., Honolulu.

ISLAND OF HAWAII

Captain Henry G. Sebastian, Inf., D.O.L., Hilo.
Sergeant Charles A. Brenaman, D.E.M.L., Hilo, who
replaced Sergeant Bartrum A. Bryant on Feb. 20,
1931.

ISLAND OF MAUI

Captain Ray W. Harris, Inf., D.O.L., Wailuku.
Sergeant Manfred Gutmann, D.E.M.L., absent sick,
Letterman General Hospital, San Francisco, Cal-
ifornia.

Liaison with Regular Army—The Commanding General, Hawaiian Department, and his Staff Officers, particularly the Department National Guard Officer, Colonel Arthur W. Bradbury, Infantry, D.O.L., have maintained excellent cooperation and coordination with the Hawaii National Guard and have extended considerable assistance in every possible way, not only in the past year but in previous years.

In the following paragraphs are summarized the activities of this Department for the year ending June 30, 1931, and divided into separate headings for each Section:

I

1ST SECTION—PERSONNEL

Capt. James T. M. Chang, 298th Inf., Chief of Section.

ORGANIZATION

The present strength allotment of this Territory as authorized by the Militia Bureau has not changed during the past fiscal year and consists of 110 commissioned officers, 2 warrant officers and 1615 enlisted men. The

following organizations comprise the Hawaii National Guard:

Headquarters of the Hawaii National Guard:

State Staff

State Detachment

Two Regiments of Infantry, less the 3rd Battalion of each

The stations of the various organizations of the Hawaii National Guard are shown in Appendix A.

During the present fiscal year there have been two changes in organizations and one transfer: The State Detachment was reorganized by General Orders No. 40, Headquarters Hawaii National Guard, dated October 1, 1930. The men enlisted in various detachments were combined and formed the "State Detachment, Hawaii National Guard"; the Medical Department Detachment, 299th Infantry, stationed in Hilo was reduced and a Medical Department, 1st Battalion, 299th Infantry was organized at Wailuku, Maui, by General Orders No. 10, Headquarters Hawaii National Guard, dated February 25, 1931, and was Federally recognized to date from April 29, 1931. Company "G", 298th Infantry was transferred from Waipahu, Oahu, to Honolulu, Oahu, effective as of midnight, January 31, 1931.

During the session of the 1931 Territorial Legislature two resolutions were introduced to increase the units and strength of the Hawaii National Guard, neither of which passed. The petitions by the various communities to increase the strength and units of the Hawaii National Guard were for the purpose of preparing the young men to be ready to aid in the event of local disturbances and to teach them discipline, physical training, sanitation, 1st aid, hygiene, and kindred subjects, as well as the duties of the soldier and which are of great benefit to the individual and the community at large.

STRENGTH

The strength of the active Hawaii National Guard on June 30, 1931, was 1716 officers and men, as follows:

	298th Inf.	299th Inf.	SS & SD	Total
Officers	51	49	9	109
Warrant Officers	1	1	0	2
Enlisted Men	796	790	19	1605

The National Guard Reserve strength was as follows:

Commissioned Officers assigned to organizations	12
Commissioned Officers unassigned	8
Enlisted Men unassigned	131
Total	151

COMMISSIONED RETURNS BY GRADE
(Warrant Officers included)

	298th Inf.	299th Inf.	SS	Total
Colonels	1	1	1	3
Lieutenant Colonels	1	1	0	2
Majors	5	4	3	12
Captains	17	16	4	37
1st Lieutenants	11	13	1	25
2nd Lieutenants	16	14	0	30
Warrant Officers	1	1	0	2

ENLISTED RETURNS BY GRADE

	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	Total
298th Infantry	4	12	5	80	92	175	428	796
299th Infantry	4	12	6	80	91	135	462	790
State Detachment	0	1	2	2	3	3	8	19

The strength of the Hawaii National Guard on June 30, 1931, represents an increase of 8 officers and 34 enlisted men over that shown on June 30, 1930.

On June 30, 1931, there were 98 officers holding Reserve Commissions in the Army of the United States in their respective grades and branches.

A roster of active officers of the Hawaii National Guard is contained in Appendix B.

A roster of inactive officers of the Hawaii National Guard, both National Guard Reserve and Territorial Reserve, is contained in Appendix C.

LOSSES AND GAINS

One of the greatest problems confronting the Hawaii

National Guard is the turnover of its personnel. During this fiscal year the turnover has been 50.18%; a decrease of 0.82% over that of the previous fiscal year.

Every effort has been made to eliminate the large turnover. The service in the Hawaii National Guard has been made as attractive as can be with the funds made available to this Department.

NATIVITY REPORT

Nativity Report of the Hawaii National Guard as of June 30, 1931:

	Officers	W.O.	Enl. Men	Total
Hawaiian	14	1	366	381
Portuguese	6	0	217	223
Japanese	0	0	214	214
Chinese	8	0	201	209
Porto Rican	1	0	114	115
(American) Other Caucasians	42	1	72	115
American-Hawaiian	15	0	79	94
Chinese-Hawaiian	11	0	80	91
Filipino	0	0	88	88
Portuguese-Hawaiian	3	0	29	32
Korean	0	0	24	24
Spanish	0	0	16	16
German-Hawaiian	1	0	10	11
Japanese-Hawaiian	0	0	9	9
German	0	0	7	7
Chinese-Portuguese	0	0	7	7
Spanish-Hawaiian	0	0	5	5
Samoan	0	0	5	5
Norwegian	0	0	4	4
American-Portuguese	0	0	4	4
English-Hawaiian	2	0	2	4
Scotch	3	0	1	4
Filipino-Hawaiian	0	0	3	3
Caucasian-Chinese-Hawaiian	0	0	3	3
Irish-Hawaiian	0	0	2	2
Spanish-Hawaiian	0	0	2	2
Porto Rican-Mexican	0	0	2	2
French	0	0	2	2
Porto Rican-Spanish	0	0	2	2
English	0	0	2	2
Korean-Hawaiian	0	0	2	2
Spanish-Filipino	0	0	1	1
Portuguese-Spanish	0	0	1	1
Chinese-Spanish-Hawaiian	0	0	1	1
Chinese-Filipino	0	0	1	1
Polish	0	0	1	1
Russian	0	0	1	1
Chinese-Japanese-Hawaiian	0	0	1	1
Italian	0	0	1	1



10-YEAR SERVICE MEDAL
HAWAII NATIONAL GUARD
(In Natural Colors)

Authorized by par. 72, T M R, Jan. 1, 1930

	Officers	W.O.	Enl. Men	Total
Swiss	1	0	0	1
Indian	0	0	1	1
Belgian	1	0	0	1
Jewish	1	0	0	1
Filipino-Portuguese	0	0	1	1
Samoan-Hawaiian	0	0	1	1
Russian-Hawaiian	0	0	1	1
French-Hawaiian	0	0	1	1
Japanese-Portuguese-Hawaiian	0	0	1	1
Irish-Portuguese	0	0	1	1
American-Spanish	0	0	1	1
German-Irish	0	0	1	1
Australian	0	0	1	1
German-Japanese	0	0	1	1
Korean-Spanish	0	0	1	1
Korean-Portuguese	0	0	1	1
American-English	0	0	1	1
English-Portuguese	0	0	1	1
Norwegian-Portuguese	0	0	1	1
Portuguese-Swedish	0	0	1	1
German-Indian-Portuguese	0	0	1	1
English-French	0	0	1	1
Chinese-Filipino-Spanish	0	0	1	1
Negro	0	0	1	1
Japanese-Porto Rican	0	0	1	1
Portuguese-Spanish	0	0	1	1
	109	2	1605	1716

The following major nationalities have shown an increase as compared with the report of June 30, 1930:

Japanese	55
Portuguese	49
Chinese	23
Chinese-Hawaiian	17
Portuguese-Hawaiian	10

The following major nationalities show a decrease:

Hawaiian	37
Porto Rican	33
Filipino	29
American-Hawaiian	3

SERVICE MEDALS

One of the many schemes of maintaining the interest and morale of the Hawaii National Guard was by reviving an old custom of awarding service medals to those who

have served in the Hawaii National Guard continuously for ten consecutive years or more. The awarding of gold medals, known as "Service Medals," to members and former members of the Hawaii National Guard for completion of ten continuous years of honorable service began this fiscal year. For each additional five years, gold bars are awarded to those members and former members who are entitled to them. The gold medals are of standard design selected and furnished by The Adjutant General's Office, numbered and suitably engraved; suspended from a golden yellow and red ribbon (denoting the Royal Colors of Hawaii), on which the service bars may be attached. Up to June 30th the following have been awarded medals and bars:

Medal No.	Name	Rank and Organization	Bars
1	Merle M. Johnson, Former	Major, 1st Haw. Inf.	15 & 20 yr.
2	Charles M. Coster, Former	Major, 1st Haw. Inf.	15 & 20 yr.
3	James Ho Yap	Capt., 298th Inf.	15 yr.
4	Frederic L. Morong	Major, Medical Corps	15 yr.
5	William Hoopai	Lt. Col., 298th Inf.	15 yr.
6	Daniel P. McGregor	Capt., Q.M.C.	15 yr.
7	James I. P. Kekahuna	2nd Lt., 298th Inf.	15 yr.
8	William Andrade	Sgt., Co. "B", 298th Inf.	15 yr.
9	John H. Waiwaiole	Pvt., Co. "G", 298th Inf.	15 yr.
16	Perry M. Smoot	Colonel, Infantry	.....
17	Wilhelm A. Andersen	Colonel, 298th Inf.	.....
18	Nathan M. Benyas	Major, Medical Corps	.....
19	Gordon C. Ross	Major, 298th Inf.	.....
20	Edward M. Bolton	Major, A.G.D.	.....
21	Henry P. Judd	Major, Chaplain, 298th Inf.	.....
22	Francis Xavier	Capt., Ord. Dept.	.....
23	Oliver H. Kupau	Capt., 298th Inf.	.....
24	Clarence J. Olds	Capt., 298th Inf.	.....
25	Louis M. Vivas	1st Lt., Q.M.C.	.....
26	Joseph Akau	1st Sgt., Co. "A", 298th Inf.	.....
27	Peter Starkey	Sgt., Co. "B", 298th Inf.	.....
28	Eufimio Balbuena	Sgt., Co. "E", 298th Inf.	.....
29	Harry Palaina	Sgt., Co. "B", 298th Inf.	.....
30	Joseph Hinau	1st Lt., 299th Inf.	15 yr.
31	George A. F. Ahin	Capt., 299th Inf.	15 yr.
32	Manuel Santos	Sgt., How. Co., 299th Inf.	.....
33	Daniel Kekahuna	Sgt., Co. "A", 299th Inf.	.....
34	Henry L. Best	Capt., Inf., I.G.D.	.....
35	Karl Krautheim	1st Sgt., Hq. Co., 298th Inf.	.....
36	Andrew T. Spalding	Colonel, 299th Inf.	.....
37	Hamilton Merrill	Capt., 299th Inf.	.....
38	Kealoha Oba	1st Sgt., Co. "A", 299th Inf.	.....
39	Sam Koko	Cpl., Co. "A", 299th Inf.	.....
40	Lewis B. Reeves, Former	Lt. Col., 1st Haw. Inf.	.....
41	Samuel W. Kepano, Former	Sgt., Ord. Dept.	15 & 20 yr.
42	James Apao, Former	Master Sgt., 298th Inf.	.....

ARMORY DRILL ATTENDANCE PERCENTAGES

The armory drill attendance percentages for the units of the Hawaii National Guard during this fiscal year were as follows:

298th Infantry	77.44%
299th Infantry	77.29%
Hawaii National Guard	73.45%

This is a slight decrease of 2.10% over the previous year.

II

2ND SECTION—INTELLIGENCE

Capt. Hamilton Merrill, 299th Inf., Chief of Section.

INTELLIGENCE

The Intelligence Section was more completely organized at the instance of the War Department in 1930 and has functioned throughout the past fiscal year. Many of the individual reports have been quite valuable, both to these headquarters and in supplementing information received by the Assistant Chief of Staff, G-2, Headquarters Hawaiian Department. Several changes of personnel have occurred during the past year, and this Section is gradually acquiring the most loyal and efficient agents available in the Hawaii National Guard.

Activity has necessarily been limited, but has served as a valuable adjunct to both civil and military justice, and in addition, periodical reports of statistical data have been received.

None of the officers and men on this detail receive any pay for their services in this connection. This Section is headed by an employee of these headquarters who is primarily employed in another capacity. In order to increase the efficiency of this Section, a paid operative should be employed.

Secret codes have been prepared by this Section and

distributed to important points in these Islands. These codes must necessarily be revised frequently to prevent their being decoded by unauthorized persons.

A closer coordination has been established between this Section and other Sections of the Headquarters Staff during the past year. Only a few specific assignments have been made to this Section, the majority of the information having been submitted from the agents in the field.

Relations with the local press have been most cordial and recently a system of periodical releases to the press was established. The press has rendered us valuable assistance, has been most courteous and helpful and has cooperated in every possible way.

The Hawaii National Guard was not called into service, either Federal or Territorial, during the past year, except for detachments of the Band, and Howitzer Company, 298th Infantry, on occasions of ceremony.

Civil relations have shown an improvement during the past year and local organizations, such as the Chamber of Commerce, local Posts of the American Legion, Rifle Clubs, and other semi-military organizations and fraternal organizations, have exhibited an interest and helpful spirit toward the Hawaii National Guard. The civil population at large, through the press, is learning the value and usefulness of the National Guard.

EFFICIENCY AND MORALE

The standards of efficiency have been much higher in the past year than in former years. This has been particularly true in administration and training functions. Similarly, the standards prescribed for the National Guard by the Militia Bureau of the War Department are increasingly higher and as a consequence the National Guard is assuming a vital place in the scheme of National Defense.

The 18 Combat Divisions assigned to the National Guard of the United States and which are likely to re-

ceive priority in organization have precluded authority for the completion of a Brigade of Infantry in the Hawaii National Guard. While the Infantry Units and Division Aviation Units are practically complete in all Divisions, certain other essential elements of these Divisions remain to be organized. The limitations on the organization of additional units in all States is principally due to the limitation of funds by the National Congress.

The status of basic training in the Hawaii National Guard has considerably improved and nearly all units have advanced simultaneously during the past training year.

The improved standards of enlistment, retention in the service, and for initial commissions have brought about increased morale and pride of service. The authorization of regimental insignia and the promise of the Militia Bureau to supply the Hawaii National Guard with complete new type uniforms, the breeches of which were received some time ago, have contributed to increased morale. Several cases of alleged irregularities in the disbursement of funds were investigated, 1 case turned over to the Federal Authorities, and 1 case was prosecuted and conviction obtained by this Department in a General Court-Martial, with a resultant closer check on all funds, whether Company, Regimental, Territorial or Federal.

III

3RD SECTION—PLANS AND TRAINING

Capt. Hamilton Merrill, 299th Inf., Chief of Section.

TRAINING MISSION, POLICIES, PROGRAMS, ETC.

The training of the Hawaii National Guard during the fiscal year 1930 in both the Armory and Field Training periods has generally progressed satisfactorily. Training policies governing the training of the National Guard at large are issued in the form of a directive each year from the office of the Chief of the Militia Bureau, Washington. These policies are amplified to meet the local con-

ditions of our Territory by the Commanding General, Hawaiian Department, yearly in his training directive to the Hawaii National Guard. Upon the policies promulgated by the Chief, Militia Bureau and the Commanding General, Hawaiian Department, we base our training instructions, in the form of a training program, to the commanders of regiments and subordinate units of our Guard.

The training mission outlined for the Hawaii National Guard for the Armory Training Year 1930-31 was:

a. To maintain the Hawaii National Guard in condition to function effectively, at existing strength and without further training, when employed in minor emergencies by the Territorial or Federal Authorities.

b. To provide a sufficiently trained force, capable of rapid expansion to war strength, which with minimum delay can be employed as an effective component of the Army of the United States. This objective can be attained only by thorough basic training.

Based on these announced training objectives, subordinate commanders, i.e., of regiments, battalions, and companies, prepare their training programs and schedules in which ample provision is made for the progressive training necessary in the several subjects to be covered, a thorough knowledge of which leads to the successful accomplishment of the training mission assigned.

It is believed that the application of the policy of progressive training has been responsible in a large measure for the increase of interest in the instruction given during the armory training period, which in turn has resulted in the very marked and steady attendance at armory drills.

The field training period is the complement of the armory training period. During the armory training period all training is planned with the object in view to complete the theoretical and practical instruction and training in those subjects and exercises of the basic fundamental principles that form the underlying foundation of our training mission for the period. Our results of course are limited due to the time and facilities available for instruction. Where possible no duplication of training

given in the armory training period is permitted during the field training period, all training during this period being confined to the practical application of the basic fundamental principles taught in the armories, and to a demonstration of the accomplishment of assigned training missions. For a number of years the announced training policies have limited the training of National Guard organizations to the accomplishment of a company or similar unit objective. In view of the progress made by the several units of the Hawaii National Guard and the thoroughness with which companies have accomplished their assigned objectives, it is believed that the time is now at hand when an exception may be made in the training policies of the Hawaii National Guard by authorizing the assignment of battalion training objectives. Such objectives would contemplate the stressing of combat principles of the battalion on both the offensive and defensive and would involve training in combat firing and fire superiority exercises, with ball ammunition, which would impress upon the participating personnel the importance of combining accurate fire with movement.

TRAINING FACILITIES

In order to accomplish uniform results in all organizations from a training plan such as that discussed under "Training Mission, Policies, Programs, Etc.," and in order that all organizations, at the conclusion of the armory training period, arrive at the field training camps after having attained the same degree of training efficiency, it follows that the training facilities at home stations should be such as to insure this standard. Unfortunately this is not the case. Due to the lack of suitable armory facilities at the home stations of certain organizations, it is necessary to house them and conduct their training in quarters extremely limited in size, and in many cases unsuited for the proper conduct of training and the proper care and storage of the Federal and Territorial property pertaining to the organization or organizations as the case may be. In some of these organizations it becomes a diffi-

cult task to maintain the interest of the personnel and to keep up a satisfactory attendance. As a consequence of cramped training facilities it is found at the end of the armory training period that the standard of training in these organizations is not uniform. This condition makes it difficult to prescribe a training plan applicable to all organizations and has in some respects retarded certain phases of the training progress of the regiment concerned as a whole. The completion of the new armory at Hilo, Hawaii, will relieve this situation at that point. However, armory facilities at Hakalau and Olaa, Hawaii, and at Wailuku, Maui, are totally inadequate for the proper housing and training of troops at those stations. The transfer of Company "G", 298th Infantry, from Waipahu to Honolulu overtaxed the housing facilities of the Honolulu Armory and necessitated the quartering of the State Detachment in the Old Armory on Beretania Street. The 298th Infantry is still cramped for space and it is believed that the time is now at hand when the entire building which constitutes the New Honolulu Armory should be turned over to that regiment for their unrestricted use and to meet their training requirements as to facilities for schools, etc. This would require additional quarters elsewhere for these headquarters, which it is believed would operate to the best interest of the service both from the standpoint of increasing the training facilities of the 298th Infantry, and the advantages to be gained by quartering these headquarters in a building entirely separate and apart from any unit of the Guard. The 298th Infantry is further handicapped for training facilities. The drill floor of the Honolulu Armory provides only sufficient space to assemble the entire regiment in the most compact formation, and for actual drill purposes is large enough to accommodate only two units of a line organization of company denomination, together with one small unit such as a battalion headquarters company, at the same time. The grounds around and adjacent to the armory have been utilized for training purposes in an effort to improve the situation, but the space available is totally

inadequate, and the lighting arrangement is such that the detailed correction of errors made by troops in drills and maneuvers, necessary to the attaining of a high standard of proficiency, is practically impossible.

TRAINING ACTIVITIES

During the past year individuals and organizations of the Hawaii National Guard participated in parades, competitions and community exercises as follows:

Independence Day—July 4, 1930

Armistice (Victory) Day—November 11, 1930

Memorial Day—May 30, 1931

In addition to these public ceremonies and community activities, various regimental and battalion ceremonies were conducted throughout the armory training period for training purposes.

BEST SOLDIER CONTEST

Under rules prescribed from these headquarters, a Best Soldier Contest was conducted in the Hawaii National Guard during the first part of the calendar year 1931. The contest began with a preliminary elimination in company or similar unit contests, a secondary elimination in a regimental contest composed of entries from units within each respective regiment, and a final competition in the Armory at Honolulu, T. H., where the three best soldiers from each regiment contested for honors.

The enlisted men entering the final stage of the contest and their standing in the contest of their respective regiments are as follows:

298th Infantry

Sergeant Melvin A. Harkins, Company "E"—1st Place

Corporal Francis W. Palmerston, Company "E"—2nd Place

Corporal Ernest Chan, Company "A"—3rd Place

299th Infantry

1st Sergeant Manuel Rodrigues, Company "D"—1st Place (Maui)

Corporal Robert T. Takemoto, Howitzer Company—1st Place (Hawaii)

1st Sergeant Alex Akita, Howitzer Company—2nd Place (Hawaii)

The awards in the final contest were made by a board of judges consisting of three officers from the Regular Army:

Captain George O. Clarke, Infantry, DS, HHD

Captain Archibald A. Fall, 21st Infantry, DS, HHD

1st Lieut. Louis Q. McComas, 21st Infantry, DS, HHD

The standing of the six contestants in the final contest and the awards they received were:

1st Place—Sgt. Melvin A. Harkins, "E", 298 Inf.—Gold Medal and \$15.00 cash

2nd Place—1st Sgt. Alex Akita, How., 299th Inf.—Silver Medal and \$10.00 cash

3rd Place—Cpl. Robert Takemoto, "F", 299th Inf.—Bronze Medal and \$5.00 cash

4th Place—Cpl. Francis W. Palmerston, "E", 298th Inf.—Bronze Medal and \$5.00 cash

5th Place—1st Sgt. Manuel Rodrigues, "D", 299th Inf., Bronze Medal and \$5.00 cash

6th Place—Cpl. Ernest Chan, "A", 298th Inf.—Bronze Medal and \$5.00 cash

SMALL ARMS COMPETITIONS

In order to stimulate interest and enthusiasm in marksmanship several small arms competitions were prescribed for the training year 1930-31, consisting of individual and company team competitions with each the .22 and .30 Caliber Rifles and the .45 Caliber Pistol. In addition the Chief of the Militia Bureau prescribed a Na-

tional .22 Caliber Match, in which the Hawaii National Guard finished 5th out of a total of thirty-four teams contesting. The personnel of the team that fired this match for Hawaii was composed of members of Company "A", 298th Infantry, Honolulu. The team from this organization also won the Territorial .22 Caliber Company Team Match and the .45 Caliber Company Team Match. The .30 Caliber Company Team Match was won by Company "C", 298th Infantry. In the individual matches the results were as follows:

.22 Caliber Individual Match

	Score
1st Place—Sergeant Max Landgraf, Company "E", 298th Inf.....	236

.30 Caliber Individual Match

Tie: 1st Place—2nd Lt. James I. P. Kekahuna, Co. "A", 298th Inf.	226
1st Place—Sergeant James Kekela, Company "F", 299th Inf.	226

.45 Caliber Pistol Ind. Match

1st Place—Captain John S. Rickard, Service Co., 299th Inf.....	319
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THE ADJUTANT GENERAL'S TROPHY

A new method for awarding The Adjutant General's Trophy was devised and adopted during the past year. Due to the difference of arms and equipment and the training appropriate thereto of the several units of the Hawaii National Guard it has been a difficult task to prescribe a method that would not discriminate against any particular unit and still cover the salient point in all phases of training, administration and operation of all classes of organizations composing the Hawaii National Guard. The details underlying the method are rather lengthy and will therefore be omitted.

The companies that have won this Trophy are as follows:

1927—Company "C", 298th Infantry—Honolulu, T.
H.

- 1928—Company "C", 298th Infantry—Honolulu, T. H.
 1929—Howitzer Company, 299th Infantry—Honolulu, Hawaii
 1930—Headquarters Company, 298th Infantry—Honolulu, T. H.

LIMITATION OF ARMORY DRILLS

Seventy-two hours or a total of forty-eight assemblies for drill were authorized by the War Department for the fiscal year 1930. This time is entirely inadequate for the successful accomplishment of the missions assigned, and the standard of efficiency and training in many organizations in our Guard is due in a measure to time devoted to their drill schedule over and above the one hour and a half prescribed by the Federal authorities, and for which they are not paid.

ARMORY AND SPECIAL SERVICE SCHOOLS

Armory schools were conducted throughout the armory training period of this fiscal year for officers, non-commissioned officers, and specialists. In addition each regiment conducted a school for the instruction of enlisted candidates for commission. The armory schools for officers consist of classes for field and staff officers and classes for company officers. The staff officers' school is designed primarily to train and equip that class of personnel with the knowledge and ability necessary for the efficient performance of their appropriate duties in routine training and combat work covering the duties, functions, and teamwork of the Staff. The company officers' school is designed primarily to supply the junior officer with a complete working knowledge of the subjects appertaining to the schedule of his unit, to train him in the leadership of units appropriate to his rank, and to train and equip him in the modern methods of imparting this knowledge to those under his command. Noncommissioned officers' schools are designed to improve the knowledge of the in-

dividuals in the subjects applicable to the training of units under their command and the integral parts thereof, to train them in the leadership of units appropriate to their grade, and in the methods of imparting instruction in an exact, clear, and concise manner. Specialists' schools are conducted for the special training of the various groups of specialists in the duties applicable to their section.

At the close of this fiscal year the Hawaii National Guard had thirteen officers on the active list who have completed courses of instruction at Special Service Schools conducted by the Regular Army. During the last fiscal year the following personnel attended the Special Service Schools and pursued the courses indicated:

Colonel Wilhelm A. Andersen, 298th Infantry, Field and Staff Officers' Course, The Infantry School, Fort Benning, Ga.

Captain Henry L. Best, Infantry, I. G. D., Company Officers' Course, The Infantry School, Fort Benning, Ga.

1st Lieut. Fred L. Hartman, 299th Infantry, Communications Officers' Course, The Signal School, Fort Monmouth, N. J.

1st Sergeant Karl Krautheim, Headquarters Company, 298th Infantry, Enlisted Communications Course, The Infantry School, Fort Benning, Ga.

Following is a list of graduates of all Special Service Schools since the World War, showing their present assignment or disposition:

ARMY WAR COLLEGE

Colonel Perry M. Smoot, Infantry, The Adjutant General. Graduate of the Army War College, Washington, D. C., Class of '27.

COMMAND AND GENERAL STAFF SCHOOL

Colonel Perry M. Smoot, Infantry, The Adjutant Gen-

eral. Graduate of the Command and General Staff School, Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, Class of '26.

THE INFANTRY SCHOOL

Field and Staff Officers' Course

Colonel Wilhelm A. Andersen, 298th Infantry. Graduate of the Field and Staff Officers' Course, The Infantry School, Ft. Benning, Ga., Class of '31.

Colonel Andrew T. Spalding, 299th Infantry. Graduate of the Field and Staff Officers' Course, The Infantry School, Ft. Benning, Ga., Class of '29.

Company Officers' Course

Captain Stafford L. Austin, Assigned Reserve. Graduate of the Company Officers' Course, The Infantry School, Ft. Benning, Ga., Class of '25.

Captain Henry L. Best, Infantry, I. G. D. Graduate of the Company Officers' Course, The Infantry School, Ft. Benning, Ga., Class of '31.

Captain Harry F. Cooper, Unassigned Reserve. Graduate of the Company Officers' Course, The Infantry School, Ft. Benning, Ga., Class of '28.

Captain Joseph I. deVillie, 298th Infantry. Graduate of the Company Officers' Course, The Infantry School, Ft. Benning, Ga., Class of '29.

1st Lieut. Richard F. Hallor, Resigned. Graduate of the Company Officers' Course, The Infantry School, Ft. Benning, Ga., Class of '30.

Captain David L. Henry, Discharged. Graduate of the Company Officers' Course, The Infantry School, Ft. Benning, Ga., Class of '28.

Captain Oliver H. Kupau, 298th Infantry. Graduate of the Company Officers' Course, The Infantry School, Ft. Benning, Ga., Class of '27.

Captain Samuel K. Mookini, Dismissed. Graduate of the Company Officers' Course, The Infantry School, Ft. Benning, Ga., Class of '30.

Captain John F. Ness, Resigned. Graduate of the

Company Officers Course, The Infantry School, Class of '20.

Captain Clarence J. Olds, 298th Infantry. Graduate of the Company Officers' Course, The Infantry School, Ft. Benning, Ga., Class of '27.

Lieut. Col. Peter N. Pakele, Jr., 299th Infantry. Graduate of the Company Officers' Course, The Infantry School, Ft. Benning, Ga., Class of '26.

Captain James C. Robinson, Assigned Reserve. Graduate of the Company Officers' Course, The Infantry School, Ft. Benning, Ga., Class of '26.

Major Gordon C. Ross, 298th Infantry. Graduate of the Company Officers' Course, The Infantry School, Ft. Benning, Ga., Class of '23.

Captain Arvin A. Whelan, Resigned (Deceased). Graduate of the Company Officers' Course, The Infantry School, Ft. Benning, Ga., Class of '29.

Enlisted Communications Course

Master Sgt. Aiu Ho Ahoi, Honorably discharged from Hq. Co., 298 Inf. Graduate of the Enlisted Communications Course, The Infantry School, Ft. Benning, Ga., Class of '28.

1st Lieut. James A. Ai, 298th Infantry. Graduate of the Enlisted Communications Course, The Infantry School, Ft. Benning, Ga., Class of '27.

1st Sergeant Karl Krautheim, Headquarters Co., 298th Infantry. Graduate of the Enlisted Communications Course, The Infantry School, Ft. Benning, Ga., Class of '31.

Tech. Sgt. Keinerd M. Watson, Honorably discharged from Hq. Co., 298th Infantry. Graduate of the Enlisted Communications Course, The Infantry School, Ft. Benning, Ga., Class of '26.

THE SIGNAL SCHOOL

1st Lieut. Fred L. Hartman, 299th Infantry. Graduate of the Officers' Communications Course, The Signal School, Ft. Monmouth, N. J., Class of '31.

THE MEDICAL SCHOOL

Captain Robert B. Faus, Med. Dept. Det., 298th Inf.
 Graduate of Medical Field Officers' Course, The
 Medical School, Carlisle Barracks, Pa., Class of '26.
 Major Frederic L. Morong, State Staff. Graduate of
 the Medical Field Officers' Course, The Medical
 School, Carlisle Barracks, Pa., Class of '29.

Due to the strategic location of this Territory and the importance of its defense in event of an emergency, it is believed that every officer of the Hawaii National Guard should have the advantage, experience, and training of a course at the Special Service School applicable to his branch of service.

FIELD TRAINING

The annual encampments for the fiscal year 1930 were held at the places indicated below:

Schofield Barracks, Oahu, August 9, 1930 to August 23, 1930, both dates inclusive:

	Officers	W. O.	Enl. Men
Infantry, Unassigned	1	0	0
Judge Advocate General's Department.....	1	0	0
Adjutant General's Department	1	0	0
Inspector General's Department.....	1	0	0
Ordnance Dept., State Staff and Detach.....	1	0	2
Medical Dept., State Staff and Detach.....	1	0	1
Quartermaster Corps, State Staff & Detach.	3	0	13
Headquarters, 298th Inf.....	7	0	0
Headquarters Co., 298th Inf.	1	0	51
Service Co., 298th Inf.....	2	1	58
Howitzer Co., 298th Inf.....	3	0	41
Med. Dept. Det., 298th Inf.....	5	0	19
Hq., 1st Bn., 298th Inf.....	1	0	0
Headquarters Co., 1st Bn., 298th Inf.....	1	0	22
Company "A", 298th Inf.	2	0	49
Company "B", 298th Inf.	3	0	53
Company "C", 298th Inf.	3	0	52
Company "D", 298th Inf.	1	0	52
Hq., 2nd Bn., 298th Inf.....	0	0	0
Hq. Co., 2nd Bn., 298th Inf.....	1	0	19
Company "E", 298th Inf.	2	0	41
Company "F", 298th Inf.	2	0	45
Company "G", 298th Inf.	2	0	60
Company "H", 298th Inf.	2	0	46
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	47	1	624
			1
			47
			<hr/>
Grand Total Present at Schofield Barracks.....			672



MAUI CAMP SITE, PAUKUKALO, MAUI, T. H.

Paukukalo, Maui, September 13, 1930 to September 27, 1930, both dates inclusive:

	Officers	W. O.	Enl. Men
Infantry, Unassigned	1	0	0
Ordnance Dept., State Staff	1	0	0
Quartermaster Corps, State Detach.	0	0	3
Inspector General's Department	1	0	0
Headquarters, 299th Inf.	6	0	0
Headquarters Co., 299th Inf.	2	0	53
Service Co., 299th Inf.	4	1	56
Howitzer Co., 299th Inf.	2	0	63
Med. Dept. Det., 299th Inf.	1	0	27
Headquarters, 1st Bn., 299th Inf.	1	0	0
Headquarters Co., 1st Bn., 299th Inf.	2	0	20
Company "A", 299th Inf.	3	0	56
Company "B", 299th Inf.	3	0	55
Company "C", 299th Inf.	2	0	64
Company "D", 299th Inf.	3	0	54
Headquarters, 2nd Bn., 299th Inf.	0	0	0
Headquarters Co., 2nd Bn., 299th Inf.	2	0	27
Company "E", 299th Inf.	2	0	65
Company "F", 299th Inf.	2	0	46
Company "G", 299th Inf.	3	0	56
Company "H", 299th Inf.	2	0	48
	43	1	693
			1
			43
Grand Total Present at Paukukalo.....			737

The 299th Infantry, less 1st Bn.; Hq. and Hq. Co., 2nd Bn.; and 3rd Bn. (Inactive), sailed from Hilo, Hawaii, on the "S. S. Hualalai" at 10:00 a.m., September 13, 1930, and arrived at Kahului, Maui, at 5:00 p.m., September 13, 1930. Hq. Co., 2nd Bn., 299th Infantry sailed from Hilo, Hawaii, at 4:00 p.m., September 14, 1930, and disembarked at Lahaina, Maui, at 1:30 a.m., September 15, 1930. Returning, 2nd Bn. Hq. Co., 299th Infantry, sailed from Lahaina, Maui, at 9:30 p.m., September 26, 1930, arrived and disembarked at Hilo, Hawaii, at 7:00 a.m., September 27, 1930. The 299th Infantry, less 1st Bn.; 2nd Bn. Hq. and Hq. Co.; and 3rd Bn. (Inactive) sailed from Kahului, Maui, at 6:00 p.m., September 27, 1930, arrived and disembarked at Hilo, Hawaii, at 7:30 a.m., September 28, 1930.

The following organizations were present at the Annual Field Training Encampments with 100% of both commissioned and enlisted personnel:

	Officers	Enlisted Men
Howitzer Co., 299th Inf.....	2	63
Headquarters Co., 2nd Bn., 299th Inf.....	2	27
Company "E", 299th Inf.....	2	65

RECAPITULATION

Total present at Schofield Barracks, Oahu.....	672
Total present at Paukukalo, Maui.....	737
Grand Total present.....	1409

The attendance at the Annual Field Encampments for this year set a new record in the history of the Hawaii National Guard. The allotted strength of the Hawaii National Guard is 1727 officers, warrant officers and enlisted men. During the field encampment under discussion the total attendance was 82.5% of our authorized enrollment. A comparison of the attendance figures of our Field Encampments for the past four years shows the following increases and decreases in attendance each year:

Year	Total Attendance
1927.....	1152 officers and men
1928.....	1376 officers and men
1929.....	1343 officers and men
1930.....	1409 officers and men

One officer of the Assigned National Guard Reserve was ordered to active duty for Field Training.

REGULAR ARMY RESERVE OFFICERS

The following officers, by grade, of the Officers' Reserve Corps were at their own requests attached to the Hawaii National Guard for Field Training:

1st Lieutenant of Infantry.....	1
2nd Lieutenants of Infantry.....	18
Total.....	19

The policy of the Commanding General, Hawaiian Department, in attaching these Reserve Officers to the Hawaii National Guard has been found most helpful. A number of Reserve Officers have been attached for Armory Drill to units of the Hawaii National Guard, without pay,

and at their own request. Considerable of our officer material is drawn from the ranks of the Regular Army Reserve Officers, while a much too small number of our enlisted men hold commissions in the Officers' Reserve Corps. Our enlisted men are encouraged to apply for Reserve Commissions, with a view to their attachment to their regiment in a war strength vacancy.

Thirteen National Guard Reserve Officers have been assigned to War Strength vacancies in their respective regimental areas, one of whom took active duty training during the last Field Encampment.

MARKSMANSHIP AND TARGET RANGES

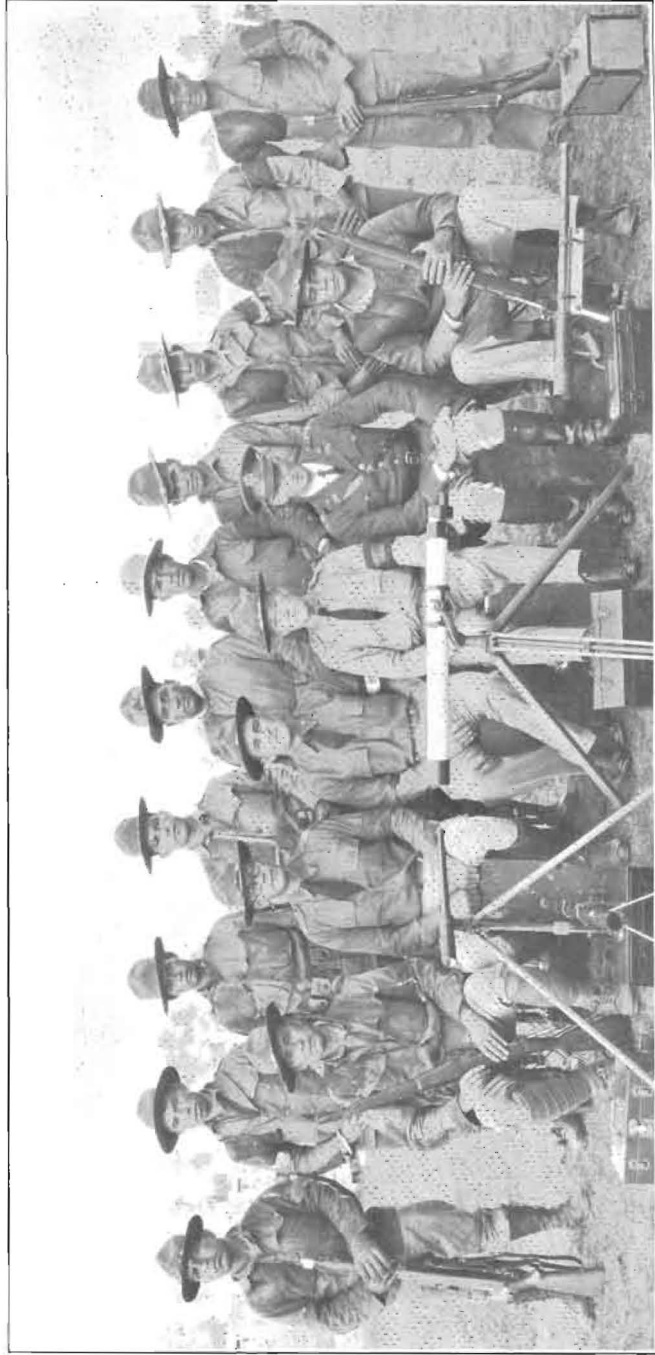
Throughout the current fiscal year the interest and enthusiasm in marksmanship have continued to increase in all combat units of the Hawaii National Guard. Following is a summary of all qualifications for the target year ending December 31, 1930:

	Rifle	Pistol	Auto. Rifle	Machine Gun	37MM	3" TM	Totals
298th Inf.	156	132	47	70	15	15	435
299th Inf.	132	38	8	64	15	15	272
	<u>288</u>	<u>170</u>	<u>55</u>	<u>134</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>707</u>

A comparison with the figures for the previous year shows the following increases and decreases:

	Rifle	Pistol	Auto. Rifle	Machine Gun	37MM.	3" TM	Totals
1929.....	227	128	14	73	46	46	534
1930.....	288	170	55	134	30	30	707

Substantial increases have been made in the qualifications with all primary weapons. A decrease is evident only in the case of the 37MM Gun and 3" TM. This was due primarily to the large number of men qualifying in the Howitzer Company, 299th Infantry, during 1929 who did not take the test in 1930. In 1930 Company "A", 298th Infantry won the award of the "War Department Trophy for Excellence in Rifle Practice" for the highest figure of merit in target practice with the rifle. This trophy is awarded annually by the Militia Bureau of the War Department to the unit having the highest figure of



HAWAII N. G. RIFLE TEAM—NATIONAL MATCHES—CAMP PERRY, OHIO, 1929

merit in each National Guard. This organization was also the successful competitor for this honor in 1929, the figures of merit for the two years being: 1929—55.65% and 1930—60.91%. For several years the Hawaii National Guard has been fortunate in securing authority to send a team of twelve members and three officials to the National Matches at Camp Perry, Ohio. This team departed for Camp Perry, Ohio, on August 6, 1930, with the following officers as team officials:

Major Gordon C. Ross, 298th Infantry, Team Captain.
Major William B. Stoddard, 299th Infantry, Team Coach.

Captain Arthur C. Hilliger, 298th Infantry, Range Officer and Quartermaster.

The membership of the team was composed of the following officers and men:

1st Lieutenant Harvey K. Cornwell, 298th Infantry
1st Lieutenant Albert E. Minvielle, 298th Infantry
1st Lieutenant George W. Groves, 298th Infantry
1st Lieutenant Mark O. Clement, 298th Infantry
1st Lieutenant Richard K. Lum, 298th Infantry
Sergeant James Kekela, Company "F", 299th Infantry
Sergeant Shigeharu Miyada, Company "G", 299th Infantry
Sergeant Max F. Landgraf, Company "E", 298th Infantry
Sergeant Edward K. Y. Lee, Company "C", 298th Infantry
Sergeant Harold K. F. Lee, Company "C", 298th Infantry
Corporal Robert Waipa, Company "G", 299th Infantry
Private Evan K. Waipa, Company "G", 299th Infantry.

This team finished in 37th Place (Class "C") in a field of 108 contestants in the National Matches and returned to Honolulu October 1, 1930.

TARGET RANGES

The target ranges in actual operation under the control of this Department are as follows:

Punchbowl, City of Honolulu, Island of Oahu—Rifle, 200 and 300 yards, 14 targets; Pistol, dismounted, up to 75 yards, 9 targets; Machine Gun, 1000", 2 targets; Bayonet Course for the expert test and grenade court, traps for trap-shooting, all in good condition. Caretaker paid from Federal Funds, subject to qualification each month, depending on number of organizations firing and length of season, and from Territorial Funds the sum of \$50.00 per month for entire year. During the current target practice year, this range has been in almost continuous use every day including Sundays and holidays, not only by the members of the Hawaii National Guard stationed in Honolulu, but by detachments of the Regular Army, the R.O.T.C., U. S. Coast Guard, Police Department, Oahu Prison Guards, Civilian Rifle and Pistol Clubs and by unattached civilians, special authority being granted by these headquarters in each case for such use of our marksmanship facilities. The members of the National Guard have priority in the use of this range at all times. The range facilities and material have suffered somewhat from lack of sufficient funds with which to make needed and timely repairs. This target range is entirely inadequate to meet the requirements of all units of the 298th Infantry, and it is not believed that it can be expanded. With the interest in marksmanship increasing and a corresponding increase in the number of men using the range it is vitally necessary to the efficient training of National Guardsmen in the skillful use of the weapons with which armed, that additional facilities be provided for such training. The funds requested by the United States Property and Disbursing Officer from the War Department for the construction of a Class "A" Range in Kuliouou Valley did not materialize, and it is very unlikely that an appropriation of this amount (\$32,000.00) can ever be obtained in one lump sum from the Federal Authorities. It is be-

lieved, however, since the question of labor is the major item of expense in the construction of the range, that the cleaning and clearing of the site proper and the excavating necessary for the construction of the pits, together with the grading of firing points, could be accomplished over a period of a year or eighteen months with Territorial Prison Labor. This of course would necessitate the establishment of a prison camp on the range site proper in order to eliminate the expense of transporting the prisoners to and from the site each day and the time lost incident to the travel involved. With the item of labor for cleaning and clearing and excavating dispensed with it is believed we would experience little if any difficulty in obtaining from the Federal Government the necessary equipment for the range, including sufficient funds to purchase materials necessary, together with the labor for concreting in the pits, etc.

Lahaina, Maui—Rifle, 1 pit, 3 targets, firing 200 yards. This range was completed in May, 1931. It will afford ample facilities for the range work and training of Company "A", 299th Infantry, stationed at that point. This organization heretofore has accomplished little if anything in the line of actual firing of the piece, the training and experience so essential to a soldier of Infantry.

Hilo Rifle Range, Waiakea, Hilo, Island of Hawaii—Rifle, 200 and 300 yards, 6 targets each. Echeloned to permit the firing at 500 and 600 yards. Pistol or Machine Gun 1000' course, 4 targets. Caretaker paid from Federal Funds only, subject to qualification each month. The condition of this range is very good.

Olaa, Hawaii—Rifle, 2 targets at 200 yards. No paid caretaker. This range should be completed to meet the needs of Company "G", 299th Infantry, stationed at that place. The range is in a very poor state of repair at the present time. In fact it is practically unserviceable. The repair or reconstruction of this range would relieve the Hilo Range to the extent of the firing of the men of Company "G", 299th Infantry, as all men from this organization, which is one of the most active in that regiment in

range work, must of necessity be fired over the Hilo Range in order to meet the requirements of regulations for qualifying with the rifle. It is estimated that the sum of twelve hundred dollars would be adequate to repair and expand this range to the proper size for this organization.

Paukukalo, Maui—Rifle, 1 pit, 6 targets, firing line echeloned for 200 and 300 yards. Condition: Good. Caretaker paid only from Federal Funds, subject to qualification.

IV

4TH SECTION—FINANCE AND SUPPLY

2nd Lt. E. R. McGhee, 298th Inf., U.S.P. and D.O.,
Chief of Section

Capt. Francis Xavier, Ord. Dept., State Staff, Property Officer

FINANCE

Federal

Funds expended by the United States Disbursing Officer, Hawaii National Guard, for the Federal Government in the support of the Hawaii National Guard during the fiscal year 1931:

Expenses, Camps of Instruction.....	\$53,348.37
Repairs to Equipment	500.55
Alteration and Repairs of Articles of Uniform.....	1,322.28
Gasoline and Oils	63.85
Transportation of Supplies	1,177.00
Repairs of Motor Vehicles	981.12
Repairs of Musical Instruments	68.00
Purchase of Sheet Music	120.00
Pay of U. S. Property and Disbursing Officer.....	1,100.00
Pay of Caretaker, Rifle Ranges.....	2,340.00
Repairs to Maui Camp Site.....	1,000.00
Total Federal Funds Expended by U. S. P. & D. O.....	\$62,021.17

Expenditures for the fiscal year 1931 from funds allotted the Commanding General, Hawaiian Department, for the support of the Hawaii National Guard:

Office Equipment, Supplies, and Stationery for Regular Army Instructors	\$ 67.22
Travel of Regular Army personnel in connection with Camps of Instruction	779.10
Travel of Regular Army personnel in connection with Armory Instruction Visits	366.13
Travel of Regular Army personnel in connection with National Guard not covered above.....	395.33
Transportation of Federal Property	102.48
Expenses Sergeant Instructors, Regular Army.....	3,291.10
Procurement of Articles of Uniform.....	7,957.19
Repairs of Miscellaneous Q. M. Supplies.....	524.47
Procurement of Chemical Warfare Mmnitions.....	140.40
Procurement of Ordnance Supplies and Repairs.....	2,401.63
Procurement of Engineers Equipment.....	26.40
Procurement of Medical Supplies.....	453.57
Procurement of Signal Supplies	130.29
Procurement of Ammunition	18,667.14
Armory Drill Pay (Estimated)	104,771.00
Armory Drill Pay (for Filipinos)	1,074.30
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Total Federal Funds Expended by Commanding General, H. H. D.	\$141,147.75
Total Federal Funds Expended by U. S. P. & D. O.....	62,021.17
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Grand Total Federal Funds Expended	\$203,168.92

In addition to the above, approximately \$20,000.00 was expended by the Federal Government for pay, allowances, and transportation of officers and enlisted men of the Hawaii National Guard sent to the Mainland for Schools and the National Matches.

Attention is invited to the fact that the Federal Government spent more than *twice* as much money on the Hawaii National Guard in a *single* year than did the Territory (which expended \$92,118.25) in *two* years.

Territorial Funds

Character Classifications	Actual Dis-	Appro-	Appro-
	bursements, 1929-1931 Biennium*	priated 1929-1931 Biennium*	priated 1931-1933 Biennium
G2611-A Personal Services	\$10,800.00	\$10,800.00	\$10,800.00
Other Personal Services:			
Chief Clerk	5,950.00	6,000.00	6,000.00
Military Aide to Governor.....	7,200.00	7,200.00	.....

Clerk (Property)	3,600.00	3,600.00	3,600.00
Clerk (Personnel)	3,600.00	3,600.00	3,600.00
Clerk (Plans and Training).....	2,400.00	2,400.00	2,400.00
Stenographer-Clerk	3,000.00	3,000.00	3,000.00
Under Custodian	1,200.00	1,200.00	1,200.00
Clerk, 298th Inf. (Part time).....	600.00	600.00	600.00
Clerk, 299th Inf. (Part time).....	600.00	600.00	600.00
Haudyman	1,920.00	1,920.00	1,920.00
Custodian, Lahaina Armory	480.00	480.00	480.00
Custodian, Hilo Armory (New).....	.....	.....	600.00
Janitor, Hilo Armory (New).....	.....	.....	1,800.00
For Temporary Assistants when needed and for Annual Encamp- ments	22,992.94	22,720.00	21,500.00
Total of All Personal Services.....	\$64,342.94	\$64,120.00	\$58,100.00
G2611-B Other Current Expenses.....	\$23,026.56	\$21,100.00	\$24,200.00
G2611-C Equipment	1,625.65	1,750.00	1,750.00
G2611-E Structures and Permanent Im- provements	1,493.25	1,500.00	.....
G2611-M Motor Vehicles	1,596.25	1,600.00	.....
G2611-G Capital Outlays for Rights and Obligations	33.60	1,500.00	1,500.00
Grand Total	\$92,118.25	\$91,570.00	\$85,550.00

* In addition, the sum of \$85,000.00 was appropriated for the New Hilo Armory and expended under the direction of the Department of Public Works. Increase of expenditures over appropriations was possible by the following increases:

Governor's Contingent Fund-A.....	\$225.00
Governor's Contingent Fund-B.....	330.00
	\$555.00
Lapsed G2611-E	6.25
	\$548.75

PROPERTY

Federal Property

The property accounting of all federal property is in excellent condition. A physical inventory of all such property was taken by the Regular Army personnel in December, 1930, and which included every organization in the Hawaii National Guard. It was indeed surprising to learn that after the completion of this inventory the entire shortage of active organization commanders amounted to less than \$1,000.00, which is believed remarkable.

The equipment of organizations is being maintained in good condition as evidenced by our last annual inspection wherein few defects were discovered by the Regular Army Inspector.

The Hawaii National Guard is not fully equipped in conformity with the National Guard Tables of Equipment, due to insufficient funds allotted to the Hawaii National Guard by the Militia Bureau.

Territorial Property

Commencing July 1, 1931, this office will inaugurate a new system of accountability and responsibility for Territorial property in the hands of the Hawaii National Guard. This system will be similar to the one now used by the War Department in accounting for property.

On June 12, 1931, a representative from these headquarters was sent to the various armories occupied by the Hawaii National Guard to inventory all Territorial property. Upon completion of this inventory it was found that there was more Territorial property in the hands of the Hawaii National Guard than was reported during the past few years. This property has been listed and charged to the armories in which it was found.

TRANSPORTATION

The Hawaii National Guard has on hand the following Federal motor vehicles:

- 4 Trucks, Class "B", Liberty—3 ton
- 3 Trucks, Garford, 1½ Ton
- 1 Truck, G.M.C., ¾ Ton
- 3 Ambulances, G.M.C.

The condition of this transportation is not satisfactory and never will be due to the age of the trucks and insufficient funds for their upkeep.

It will be noted that we have no passenger cars, bicycles or motorcycles listed above, although our units are entitled to them by Militia Bureau Tables of Equipment.

Request has been made to the Chief, Militia Bureau inviting his attention to the fact that the applicable Tables of Equipment for the National Guard authorize the Hawaii National Guard the following additional transportation:

3 Cars, motor, 5-passenger
6 Motoreycles, w/side car
8 Bicycles

It is hoped that the Militia Bureau will favorably consider our request for these additional vehicles as they are urgently needed.

ORDNANCE

Armament

The following is a list of Armament of the Hawaii National Guard as of June 30, 1931:

Guns, Field Model 1902—3".....	2
Guns, 37MM	5
Guns, Browning Machine, Cal. .30.....	28
Mortars, 3" Stokes	8
Rifles, Automatic, Browning, Cal. .30.....	136
Rifles, U. S. Cal. .30, M/1903.....	1159
Rifles, U. S. Cal. .22, M/1922	57
Pistols, Automatic, Cal. .45, M/1911.....	725
Bayonets, M/1905	1323

The above equipment is in much better condition this year than at any other time, as evidenced by the complimentary report furnished by the Ordnance Officer, Hawaiian Department, Regular Army.

All of the Pistol and Rifle Racks have been modified by the Ordnance Department, U. S. A., affording greater safety to rifles and pistols stored therein.

Ammunition

The approximate amount of ammunition expended by the Hawaii National Guard for target practice, record fir-

ing and instruction purposes during the fiscal year 1931 is as follows:

Cartridges, Ball, Cal. .30 for Rifle, Automatic Rifle and Machine Gun	208,500
Shells, L. E., for 37MM Gun.....	980
Shells, Practice, 3" Stokes Mortars	827
Cartridges, Blank, 37MM Gun for Saluting Purposes.....	200
Grenades, Hand (C. N.) Tear Gas.....	114
Grenades, Hand (W. P.) Smoke	150
Cartridges, Ball, Cal. .22, Short.....	1,000
Cartridges, Ball, Cal. .22, L. R	105,000
Cartridges, Ball, Cal. .45, M/11.....	71,000

ARMORIES

Structures

The following armories are owned by the Military Department of the Territory of Hawaii:

Honolulu, Oahu—One. Main construction concrete. Erected in 1915. Condition: Good. (Photo on page 1.)

Hilo, Hawaii—One. Main construction concrete and hollow tile. Erected in 1931 at an initial cost of \$85,000.00. Condition: Excellent, except that it lacks certain essential items of equipment. (Photos opposite.)

Hononn, Hawaii—One. Main construction frame. Condition: Good.

Wailuku, Maui—One. Main construction frame. Condition: Poor. This armory is overcrowded and does not afford adequate protection for Federal property. It was condemned by the Federal Government, and the Territory was requested to improve the armory; secure another one; or transfer or disband some of the units now housed therein.

Lahaina, Maui—One. Main construction frame. Condition: Fair. This is the oldest armory in the Territory but has been very well taken care of, due to the receipts for rental from non-military enterprises such as dances, etc., which afford sufficient money for the proper upkeep of this armory.

The following armories are leased to the Territory:

Olaa, Hawaii—One. Main construction frame. Condition: Fair. Adequate room and storage facilities. Property of Olaa Sugar Company.

Hakalau, Hawaii—One. Main construction frame. Condition: Poor. Condemned by Federal Government as not affording adequate protection to United States property. As it is unlikely that the present owners, Hakalau Plantation, will erect another building, or that the present one can be improved sufficiently, it is contemplated to transfer the unit now occupying this armory to another city, possibly Hilo.

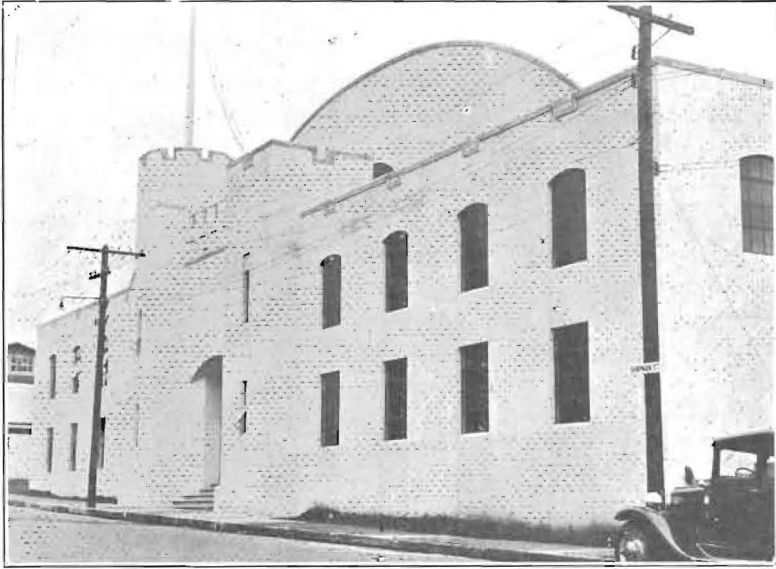
The following armories are loaned to the Territory:

Paia, Maui—One. Main construction frame. Condition: Good. Owned by Maui Agricultural Company.

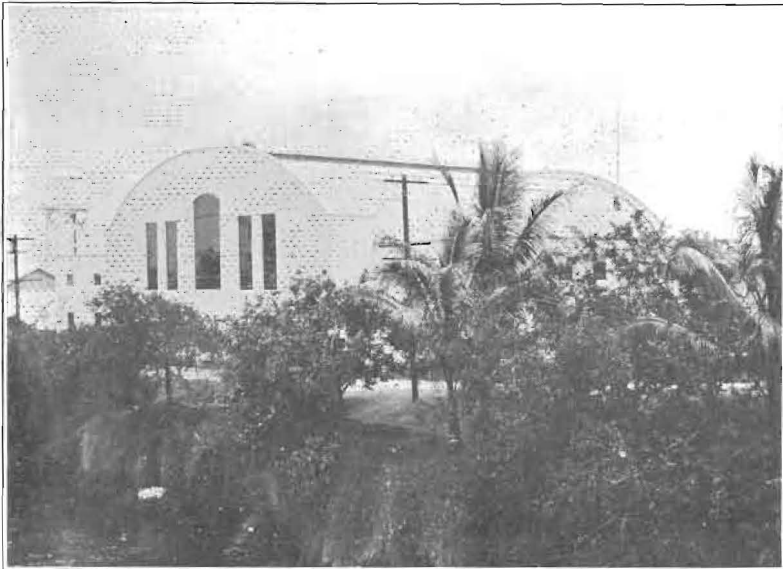
Papaikou, Hawaii—One. Main construction frame. Condition: Good. Owned by Onomea Sugar Company.

The Oahu Sugar Company at Waipahu, Oahu, had previously housed Company "G", 298th Infantry, formerly located there, but this armory did not furnish adequate protection to United States property. From the time Company "G" was first organized in 1920 to the date of its transfer on February 1, 1931, the Oahu Sugar Company cooperated with and assisted this organization in every possible way.

All of the armories listed above are operated and occupied by organizations of the Hawaii National Guard. All are equipped with concrete or iron strong rooms, or vaults; for the safe storage of arms and ammunition. A majority of our armories are very old, dilapidated, out-of-date, unsafe and expensive to maintain. With the exception of the Honolulu, Hilo and Honoumuli Armories, our armories are unsightly and distinctly not a credit to this



NEW HILO ARMORY
(Front View)



NEW HILO ARMORY
(Rear View)

Territory. All of our armories should be as near fire, earthquake and mob proof as is feasible to construct, though at present not one of them is so built.

The New Hilo Armory, built at an initial cost of \$85,000.00, is distinctly a credit to the Territory and to the City of Hilo. It is quite likely that this armory will be the center of much non-military activity in that city, although the military use shall always have precedence over any other uses.

Report of Armory Board
(July 1, 1930-June 30, 1931)

RECEIPTS

Dates Symbol Numbers	Honolulu S-2672	Hilo S-2671	Lahaina S-2673	Wailuku*	Totals
July, 1930	\$ 25.00	\$	\$	\$	\$ 25.00
August, 1930	30.00	.....	10.50	.....	40.50
September, 1930	35.00	.....	16.00	.....	51.00
October, 1930	140.00	.....	.....	.....	140.00
November, 1930	140.00	.....	.....	.....	140.00
December, 1930	306.00	.....	10.00	.....	316.00
January, 1931	30.00	.....	30.00	.....	60.00
February, 1931	30.00	.....	21.00	.....	51.00
March, 1931	40.75	.....	49.50	.....	90.25
April, 1931	220.00	.....	32.50	.....	252.50
May, 1931	40.00	.....	16.00	.....	56.00
June, 1931	51.00	.....	29.00	.....	80.00
Totals.....	\$1,087.75	.....	\$214.50	.....	\$1,302.25

EXPENDITURES

August, 1930	\$ 63.50	\$ 13.00	\$ 8.25	\$	\$ 84.75
September, 1930	50.00	.....	.....	.....	50.00
October, 1930	193.34	205.50	.....	.....	398.84
November, 1930	178.21	40.04	.....	.....	218.25
December, 1930	14.70	.....	.....	.....	14.70
January, 1931	169.45	.....	.....	.....	169.45
February, 1931	303.69	.....	.....	.....	303.69
March, 1931 .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
June, 1931	85.60	.....	10.00	.....	95.60
Totals.....	\$1,058.49	\$258.54	\$ 18.25	\$	\$1,335.28
Balances on Hand....	\$ 328.33	\$242.38	\$564.53	\$ 10.30	\$1,145.54

* Note: There were no receipts or expenditures from the Wailuku Armory Fund during the period July 1, 1930-June 30, 1931.

The Balances on hand in each of the Armory Board Funds on June 30, 1930, were as follows:

Honolulu	Hilo	Lahaina	Wailuku	Total
\$299.07	\$500.92	\$368.28	\$ 10.30	\$1,178.57

The above figures show a net decrease in funds on hand at the end of the fiscal year of \$33.03, due principally to the fact that the Hilo Armory is now under construction and no income was derived from this Armory during the past fiscal year.

V

GOVERNOR'S AIDES

The Territory was very fortunate in securing the services of an Officer of the Regular Army, Major Stuart G. Wilder, Infantry, U. S. Army, as an additional Aide-de-Camp. Major Wilder assumed his duties pursuant to paragraph 16, Special Orders No. 11, Headquarters Hawaiian Department, dated January 13, 1931. Previously, Captain Carroll H. Newell, Infantry, U. S. Army, formerly an Instructor on duty with the Hawaii National Guard at Honolulu, served in this capacity from January 5, 1925 to April 13, 1926. During the period April 14, 1926, to the date of Major Wilder's appointment, no officers of the Regular Army served in the capacity of Aide-de-Camp to the Governor of Hawaii.

Major Walter R. Dunham, Military Aide, was promoted to the grade of Lieutenant Colonel, effective from December 24, 1930.

On October 6, 1930, with the consent of the Commandant, 14th Naval District, Lieutenant (JG) Charles W. Scribner, U. S. Naval Reserve Force, stationed at Honolulu, was designated as Naval Aide to Your Excellency, in addition to his other duties. Lieutenant Guy N. Rothwell, Naval Aide to Your Excellency, was promoted to the grade of Lieutenant Commander, effective December 24, 1930.

The following named officers are assigned as Aides to His Excellency, the Governor of Hawaii:

Aides-de-Camp detailed from the Hawaii National Guard

Lieutenant Colonel William Hoopai
Major Gordon C. Ross

Aides-de-Camp Appointed

Colonel Harry S. Hayward
Lientenant Colonel Joaquin M. Camara
Lientenant Colonel Frank O. Boyer
Lientenant Colonel Walter R. Dunham
Major Pierre Baron
Lt. Commander Guy N. Rothwell (Naval Aide)

Aide-de-Camp detailed from the Regular Army

Major Stuart G. Wilder

Aide-de-Camp detailed from U. S. Naval Reserve Force

Lieutenant (JG) Charles W. Scribner

Lieutenant Colonel Walter R. Dunham is employed on full time as Aide to the Governor and his report of the activities of the various Aides to the Governor for the past fiscal year is as follows:

Accompanied Governor to luncheons, dinners, conventions, etc.....	49
Accompanied Governor to Territorial Institutions.....	25
Present at arrival or departure of steamers.....	55
Present at office to receive official callers.....	58
Accompanied Governor on return of official calls.....	44
Assisted at receptions, dinners, etc.....	58
Accompanied Governor on trips to other islands.....	8

VI

GOVERNOR'S EMERGENCY RELIEF COMMITTEE

On February 16, 1931, Your Excellency appointed a Committee, known as the Governor's Emergency Relief Committee, to consist of the following members:

His Excellency, Governor L. M. Judd, Chairman;
Colonel Frank E. Midkiff, Vice-Chairman and to represent The American Red Cross;

Colonel P. M. Smoot, to represent the Governor, the Territory of Hawaii, and the Hawaii National Guard;

A Representative of the U. S. Army (unnamed);

A Representative of the U. S. Navy (unnamed);

Mr. Harold C. Hill, to represent The American Legion.

This Committee was appointed to serve as a Staff for the Governor in any emergency that might confront this Territory and to prepare plans in normal times for any major catastrophes that might arise. The American Legion, Department of Hawaii, through Mr. Harold C. Hill, its Department Commander, had previously taken the initiative in this respect by preparing plans for The American Legion to assist in public emergencies. The Governor's Committee was appointed for the purpose of co-ordinating the potential relief forces available in this Territory.

No meetings of this tentative Committee have been held as no meetings were called by the Chairman.

VII

JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT, STATE STAFF

Captain Harry Steiner, Judge Advocate General

COURTS-MARTIAL

General Court-Martial

One General Court-Martial was held at the National Guard Armory, Honolulu, on January 24, 1931, for the trial of a commissioned officer of the 299th Infantry, H. N. G. Charges were laid under the 56th, 57th, 93rd, 94th and 96th Articles of War, together with ten Specifications. The General Court sustained the Charges and Specifications, with the exception of the Charge involving the 94th Article of War and the Specification thereunder. The sen-

tence of the Court was adjudged January 25, 1931, that the defendant be dismissed from the service of the National Guard of the United States and of the Territory of Hawaii and the same was approved by His Excellency, Lawrence M. Judd, Governor of Hawaii.

Special Court-Martial

None.

Summary Courts-Martial

Charges were preferred against six soldiers, all of the 298th Infantry. There were three actual trials, the charges being under the 61st, 65th and 96th Articles of War and Specifications thereunder, and the Summary Court made a finding of "Guilty" in one case, under the 61st Article of War and Specification thereunder. In the other five cases, the charges were either withdrawn, dropped, or found "Not Guilty."

AMENDMENTS TO MILITARY LAWS OF THE TERRITORY OF HAWAII

The Territorial Legislature, Session of 1931, amended the laws relating to the Hawaii National Guard in the following particulars:

Act 23 amended Section 219, R. L. Hawaii 1925 (Paragraph 20, General Orders No. 2, January 4, 1926) relating to Retired List, by providing that commissioned officers reaching the age of 64 or upon becoming unfit, not through officer's fault, shall be placed upon the Retired List. This Section prior to the amendment provided that the matter of retirement was voluntary on the part of the officer after 5 years of continuous service or who had become unfit through no fault of the officer.

Act 24 amending Section 237, R. L. Hawaii 1925 (Paragraph 40, General Orders No. 2, January 4, 1926) provides that property purchased for the Hawaii National Guard shall be the property of the Territory of Hawaii.

This Section prior to the amendment was not so definite as it now stands.

Act 131 amended Section 221, R. L. Hawaii 1925 (Paragraph 22, General Orders No. 2, January 4, 1926). This Act created an Armory Board consisting of 3 commissioned officers to be appointed by The Adjutant General, having general charge of all national guard armories. Prior to this amendment there were several boards of officers doing the work. The amendment centralizd the responsibilities for the various territorial armories in the Armory Board.

OPINIONS RENDERED AND PASSED UPON

First: Question of the necessity of an alien, enlisted in the Guard, to redeclare his intention of becoming a citizen to prevent being discharged as an alien, after the original declaration of intention has expired, to wit: seven years from date of its issuance.

Second: Opinion concerning the legality of restoring a deserter to duty who has, in writing, applied for restoration to duty and admitted desertion.

Third: Opinion holding that a soldier discharged on account of inadaptability, and whose discharge certificate bears the notation "not recommended for restoration," cannot be restored to duty by another enlistment.

VIII

INSPECTOR GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT, STATE STAFF

Capt. Henry L. Best (Inf.), Inspector General

INSPECTIONS

Funds

All Company and Detachment Funds were inspected by the Inspector General during the past fiscal year and

with few exceptions, all showed improvement in methods of accounting and keeping of fund records.

Records

The records of organizations were inspected during the annual field training period. The administrative functions are, generally, being performed satisfactorily.

Training

All units were inspected during the 1930 Annual Encampments by the Inspector General. Training was conducted in a satisfactory manner, all units of the Hawaii National Guard participating. Due to the absence of the Inspector General at The Infantry School, Fort Benning, Georgia, the units were not inspected by him during the annual Federal Armory Inspections. Officers of the line were detailed by The Adjutant General to complete the annual Armory Inspections.

Special

None.

INVESTIGATIONS

One case of alleged fraud was investigated by two officers specially detailed for this duty and resulted in trial and conviction by a General Court-Martial. Various possible infractions were investigated, none of which warranted prosecution.

IX

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT, STATE STAFF

Major F. L. Morong, Territorial Surgeon

During the fiscal year the total amount spent for medical supplies was \$453.57.

Inoculations: The 299th Infantry reports that all its

personnel will have received the requisite prophylaxis as to typhoid prior to the coming annual encampment. At present there are no available data as to the number of cases which have received complete typhoid prophylaxis in the 298th Infantry, but it is believed that with possibly a very few exceptions the entire command has received complete prophylaxis.

Accidents and Illnesses: During the annual encampment of the 298th Infantry there were no accidents reported. 467 cases were treated at sick call, 10 of which were transferred to the Post Hospital at Schofield Barracks. There were no accidents during the annual encampment of the 299th Infantry. 15 cases were transferred to the Malulani County Hospital at Wailuku.

It is the belief of this office that some provision should be made regarding casualties of various kinds incurred in line of duty, exclusive of the period of the annual encampments. For example: Accidents occur on the various target ranges. A detail from the regimental medical detachment is on hand to render first aid, but the injury may be of a permanent or semi-permanent character, or the man may be killed outright. He or his family have no assurance that during the period of disability, his surgeon's, hospital and other bills will be paid. There is no "Workman's Compensation Act" applicable in his case.

Sanitation: Sanitary conditions as to location, water, disposal of refuse, flies, etc., in the field camps last year were excellent.

HEADQUARTERS, 299TH INFANTRY,

HILO, HAWAII, T. II.

Hilo, T. II., July 29, 1931

CASES TREATED AT MALULANI HOSPITAL DURING 1930 FIELD ENCAMPMENT

Diagnosis	Length of Hospital Internment
1—La Grippe	4 days
2—“ “	3 “
3—“ “	3 “
4—“ “	3 “
5—“ “	4 “
6—“ “	3 “
7—Concussion of the Brain.....	3 “
8—Rheumatic Arthritis	Duration of Camp
9—Vertigo and Seasickness.....	4 days
10—Acute Appendicitis	2 weeks
11—“ “	3 “
12—Heat Stroke	2 days
13—1st Degree Burns	8 “
14—Acute Inguinal Hernia and Enlarged Mass.....	4 “

CASES TREATED AT MEDICAL INFIRMARY, 299TH INFANTRY:

Company “A”	20
“ “B”	23
“ “C”	31
“ “D”	20
“ “E”	20
“ “F”	16
“ “G”	18
“ “H”	18
“ Howitzer	10
“ Service	13
“ Hdqs.	14
“ Hdqs. 1st Bn.	3
“ Hdqs. 2nd Bn.	5

X

COMMUNICATIONS

Personnel

The Communications Personnel consists of 2 regimental communications officers, 4 battalion communications officers and 122 enlisted men of the regimental and battalion communications platoons, plus two messengers from the State Detachment.

Training

The training of the headquarters companies has steadily progressed and the functioning of the Headquarters Company, 298th Infantry, commanded by Captain Gerald F. Bittle, received favorable comment during the past field training period. For the first time in the history of the Hawaii National Guard, an allotment of one officer was provided by the Militia Bureau of the War Department for the Signal School, located at Fort Monmouth, New Jersey. 1st Lieutenant Fred L. Hartman, commanding Headquarters Company, 2nd Battalion, 299th Infantry, at Hakalau, Hawaii, was detailed to attend the National Guard and Reserve Company Officers' Course at the Signal School. An allotment was also provided by the Militia Bureau of the War Department for the attendance of one enlisted man at the Communications Course, The Infantry School, Fort Benning, Georgia, and 1st Sergeant Karl Krautheim, Headquarters Company, 298th Infantry, Honolulu, was detailed to take this course. This was the fourth enlisted man detailed from the Hawaii National Guard to attend a Service School. In February, 1931, the U. S. Naval Air Station abandoned their pigeon loft at Pearl Harbor and fifteen pairs of splendid carriers were offered to the Hawaii National Guard for a very reasonable price. These carriers were purchased, a loft erected on the Punchbowl Target Range, and the range caretaker assigned to care for these birds. With the cooperation of the noncommissioned officer in charge of the Hawaiian Department, U. S. Army, Loft at Fort Shafter, these birds were properly homed on Punchbowl, and now are capable of flights from all points on the Island of Oahu. No opportunity has presented itself for Inter-Island flights. The farthest these birds have flown while in our loft has been from Waialua, Oahu, an airline distance of about 25 miles. Since the purchase by the Guard, these birds have bred extensively and there are now 30 pairs on hand.

Supply and Finance

While many new types of signal and communications equipment and supplies are developed at The Infantry School and at the Signal School for the use of the Infantry, these new types do not reach the National Guard until a considerable time after their final adoption. The reason for this is that the old types must be absorbed by the service before the new types are issued. Experiments at The Infantry School have brought about a new and simplified message center procedure, which is gradually being adopted by the units of the Hawaii National Guard. Obsolete types of equipment are being used for training purposes and are gradually being absorbed, except certain articles, which are being reclaimed from units. The sum of \$130.29 was expended by the Hawaii National Guard out of Federal Funds allotted by the Militia Bureau of the War Department for the procurement of Signal Supplies during the fiscal year 1931. There are on hand at present 52 miles of wire; 72 Field telephones; and 6 Field radio sets.

XI

HISTORICAL SECTION

Captain Joseph I. deVille, 298th Inf., Chief of Section.

General: During the past year, the records committed to the Military Archives located in the Honolulu Armory have been equal to all records committed therein in all previous years. Slight progress has been made in correcting and assembling unit and individual historical records and records of service, both in Territorial and Federal Service. Thousands of obsolete communications covering the years 1917 to 1929 have been reindexed and refiled and communications of no further value have been destroyed. Considerable work remains to be done in this connection, and without additional clerical assistance, many important projects in connection with the classi-

fication and indexing of historical and other important correspondence and records cannot be completed.

Hawaiian Flags: On October 27, 1930, the presentation of the flag of the Territory of Hawaii to each of the regiments of the Hawaii National Guard was authorized. The specifications of this flag are as follows: The Flag of the Territory of Hawaii to be of silk, size four feet, four inches hoist, and five feet, six inches fly. The flag is to be carried on all occasions when the national and regimental colors are carried, except when the units are to be reviewed by representatives of the Federal Government.

Distinctive Insignia: In conformity with the policy of the War Department, revised Coats of Arms were authorized for the 298th Infantry, the 299th Infantry and the State Staff and Detachment during the past year as a means of promoting esprit de corps. Officers and enlisted men of these units are authorized to wear the shield or shield and motto as a badge in the manner prescribed by the order authorizing their wear. No funds being available for the purchase of distinctive insignia, the cost thereof will be borne by the personnel of each regiment and of the State Staff and Detachment. The official coats of arms, in their order of authorization, are as follows:

298TH INFANTRY:

Crest: That prescribed for all units of the Hawaii National Guard and described as follows: "On a wreath or and gules a dolphin embowed hauriant argent, in his mouth a key fesswise or."

Shield: "An inverted shield azure, on a mound proper an undraped Hawaiian warrior blazoned proper statant erect, helmet gules, arm embowed, in dexter hand clenched a spear or." The significance of the shield is that the regiment stands as the Guardian of the Pacific and the badge signifies an Hawaiian warrior standing guard over these Islands.

Motto: Makaukau Kakou ("We are Ready").

REGIMENTAL BADGES



298TH INFANTRY

Approved May 21, 1931, by GO No. 26, AG-Haw.sd



299TH INFANTRY

Approved June 29, 1931, by GO No. 39, AG-Haw.sd



STATE STAFF
AND DETACHMENT

Approved June 12, 1931, by GO No. 34, AG-Haw.sd

STATE STAFF :

Crest: That prescribed for all units of the Hawaii National Guard and described as follows: "On a wreath or and gules a dolphin embowed hauriant argent, in his mouth a key fesswise or."

Shield: "Argent, a helmet fesspoint or and gules two spears or below saltirewise in chief azure eight mullet fesswise or."

Motto: Onipaa Mau Loa ("Steadfast Forever").

299TH INFANTRY :

Crest: That prescribed for all units of all Hawaii National Guard and described as follows: "On a wreath or and gules, a dolphin embowed hauriant argent, in his mouth a key fesswise or."

Shield: "On a shield fimbriated or parted per fess azure and vert, in honour point a volcano murray colour flamant proper, fumant floatant to dexter, base parted wavy fessways light vert, vert and dark vert, in point crossed muskets or."

Motto: Ahi a Pele ("Fire of Pele").

XII

UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY

Each year Your Excellency is authorized by the War Department to select an enlisted man of the Hawaii National Guard for entrance to the United States Military Academy, provided the enlisted man successfully passes the entrance requirements, both physical and mental.

During the past fiscal year, none of the candidates recommended passed the entrance requirements. At the close of the Academic year, Harry B. Cooper, Jr., who was appointed to the Military Academy from the Hawaii National Guard, graduated and received his commission as a 2nd Lieutenant in the United States Army.

The Hawaii National Guard each year has several desirable young men who express their desire to compete

for Your Excellency's appointment. The requirement of the War Department that these men anticipating appointments must have served at least one year in the National Guard prior to their entrance to the Military Academy attracts many desirable young men each year to our service.

XIII

CONCLUSION

In conclusion, I wish to invite Your Excellency's attention to the present condition of our Guard; reliable, efficient and ready for immediate service. This state of proficiency has been reached only through the increasing efforts of every officer and enlisted man in our Guard, and through Your Excellency's cooperation and kindly consideration of our problems. As I visit our various units stationed on three of the Islands of this Territory, I cannot help but feel proud of the progress our citizen-soldiers are making. This condition has not come about in a day, or even a year's time. Our Guard has been characterized by a slow, but steady, increase in efficiency, reliability and state of readiness for Territorial or National emergency.

Consistent with our progress, many changes have been made and will be made in years to come, in equipment, tactics and training of our units. The modern trend towards mechanization of the Army has not yet been felt in the Hawaii National Guard except to the extent that all animal drawn transportation, except machine gun carts now awaiting shipment to the mainland United States, and all harness and similar equipment have been returned to the War Department.

The Hawaii National Guard has never had an officer on duty at the Militia Bureau. Such a detail for an officer of our Guard would be desirable, both from the standpoint of our coordination with that Bureau and to the benefits he would receive when the officer returned to duty with the Hawaii National Guard. The progress of the National Guard in the United States proper can best be

illustrated by the recent participation of National Guard division aviation units on equal footing with the Regular Army in the recent combined Air Corps maneuvers in the East. While I do not think that the National Guard Infantry, including our own, will participate on equal footing with troops of the Regular Army for many years to come, the incident mentioned is indicative of the progress of this branch of the National Defense.

The Hawaii National Guard has a strength greater than 15 States (including Porto Rico) according to the latest report of the Chief, Militia Bureau available (June 30, 1930). The Territory of Hawaii ranked 9th from last (42nd) both in the total amount of Federal Funds disbursed and in the number of officers sent to service schools, while property losses during that period exceeded the losses of but 21 States. This report also shows that there are in the hands of the National Guard of the United States 156 passenger motor cars, 212 reconnaissance cars and 454 motorcycles, of which the Hawaii National Guard, although entitled to a few of these vehicles, has none. The combat divisions in the mainland United States were 83.6% complete and it would seem as though the time has now arrived when additional units should be authorized for this Territory, particularly so when much stress is being made upon the importance of this Territory as our Western military outpost.

I desire to invite Your Excellency's attention to the volume of correspondence and incidental office work passing through our headquarters. Approximately 800 communications, practically all requiring action, are passing through the office of The Adjutant General each month. In addition, there is an extra burden imposed on the employees by the requirement that an additional indorsement be typed on communications going forward to all Departments of the Federal Government for the signature of the Governor's Aide-de-Camp. There is more work to do than can possibly be accomplished by the few permanent employees of this department, even though they devote evenings and Sundays, which they very frequently

do at present. In all justice to this department, the very meager salaries appropriated at present for our small headquarters force should be increased to bring the standard of salaries allotted to this department on a par with all others of the Territorial Government.

Since the last annual report, a change has been made in the positions of Assistant The Adjutant General and Chief Clerk: Colonel W. A. Andersen, 298th Infantry, was appointed Assistant The Adjutant General, effective June 1, 1931, vice Major Frank F. Riess, Quartermaster Corps, relieved; Captain Joseph I. deVille, 298th Infantry, was appointed Chief Clerk, effective June 1, 1931, vice Major Frank F. Riess, Quartermaster Corps, relieved.

The same cordial assistance has been given the Military Department by all Territorial Officials during the last year as has been the case at all times in the past.

The Territorial employees in this office are especially entitled to commendation. Owing to the very small number of employees in this Department, an unusual and at times unreasonable burden of work is imposed upon them. This situation has been cheerfully met in every instance and the employees have worked extra hours in evenings, Sundays and holidays, without increase of compensation, and without complaint.

In concluding this report it is desired to express the appreciation of The Adjutant General for the kindly assistance and encouragement that have been received at all times from Your Excellency, and for the sustained interest which Your Excellency has at all times evidenced in the National Guard of this Territory.

Respectfully,

P. M. SMOOT,
Colonel, Infantry,
The Adjutant General

APPENDIX A

STATIONS OF ORGANIZATIONS

(Office of the Commander-in-Chief).....	Honolulu, T. H.
The Adjutant General's Office.....	Honolulu, T. H.
Headquarters Hawaii National Guard.....	Honolulu, T. H.
State Staff	Honolulu, T. H.
State Detachment	Honolulu, T. H.
Headquarters, 298th Infantry.....	Honolulu, T. H.
298th Infantry	Honolulu, T. H.
Headquarters, 299th Infantry	Hilo, Hawaii, T. H.
Headquarters Co., 299th Infantry.....	Hilo, Hawaii, T. H.
Medical Department Detachment, 299th In- fantry (Less MDD 1st Bn., 299th Inf.).....	Hilo, Hawaii, T. H.
Howitzer Co., 299th Infantry.....	Honolulu, Hawaii, T. H.
Service Co., 299th Infantry (Ser. Sec. & Band).....	Hilo, Hawaii, T. H.
Headquarters & Hq. Co., 1st Bn., 299th Inf.....	Wailuku, Maui, T. H.
Company "A", 299th Infantry.....	Lahaina, Maui, T. H.
Company "B", 299th Infantry.....	Wailuku, Maui, T. H.
Company "C", 299th Infantry.....	Paia, Maui, T. H.
Company "D", 299th Infantry.....	Wailuku, Maui, T. H.
Medical Dept. Detach., 1st Bn., 299th Inf.....	Wailuku, Maui, T. H.
Headquarters, 2nd Bn., 299th Infantry.....	Hilo, Hawaii, T. H.
Headquarters Co., 2nd Bn., 299th Infantry.....	Hakalau, Hawaii, T. H.
Company "E", 299th Infantry.....	Papaikou, Hawaii, T. H.
Company "F", 299th Infantry.....	Hilo, Hawaii, T. H.
Company "G", 299th Infantry.....	Olaa, Hawaii, T. H.
Company "H", 299th Infantry.....	Hilo, Hawaii, T. H.

APPENDIX B

LIST OF ACTIVE OFFICERS

(as of June 30, 1931)

COLONELS

SMOOT, Perry M.	Inf., Honolulu
SPALDING, Andrew T.	299th Inf., Hilo
ANDERSEN, Wilhelm A.	298th Inf., Honolulu

LIEUTENANT COLONELS

HOOPAL, William	298th Inf., Honolulu
PAKELLE, Peter N., Jr.	299th Inf., Hilo

MAJORS

BENYAS, Nathan M.	Medical Corps, Honolulu
RIESS, Frank F. (Suspended).....	Quartermaster Corps, Honolulu
CHILLINGWORTH, William S.	298th Infantry, Honolulu
ROSS, Gordon C.	298th Infantry, Honolulu
BOLTON, Edward M.	Adjutant General's Dept., Honolulu
MORONG, Frederic L.	Medical Corps, Honolulu
EDNIE, Andrew D.	299th Infantry, Hilo
JUDD, Henry P.	Chaplain, 298th Infantry, Honolulu
STODDARD, William B.	299th Infantry, Hilo
TURNER, Farrant L.	298th Infantry, Honolulu
ORENSTEIN, Archie	Medical Corps, Hilo
JENKINS, Albert E.	299th Infantry, Wailuku

CAPTAINS

YAP, James Ho	298th Infantry, Honolulu
STEINER, Harry	Judge Adv. General's Dept., Hono.
BEST, Henry L.	Inspector General's Dept., Honolulu
McGREGOR, Daniel P.	Quartermaster Corps, Honolulu
MARSILY, Genslin R.	Dental Corps, Honolulu
XAVIER, Francis	Ordnance Dept., Honolulu
PORTER, Paul B.	298th Infantry, Honolulu
SORENSEN, Lester P.	Dental Corps, Hilo
FAUS, Robert B.	Medical Corps, Honolulu
KUPAU, Oliver H.	298th Infantry, Honolulu
OLDS, Clarence J.	298th Infantry, Honolulu
RICKARD, John S.	299th Infantry, Hilo
HOHU, Edmund K.	299th Infantry, Hilo
WARREN, Charles J.	299th Infantry, Oloa
MERRILL, Hamilton	299th Infantry, Hilo
SMITH, Allen W.	298th Infantry, Honolulu
AHIN, George A. F.	299th Infantry, Hilo
FERON, Joseph G.	Chaplain, 299th Infantry, Hilo
BOWMAN, Charles W., Jr.	299th Infantry, Hilo
MARCIEL, John V.	299th Infantry, Wailuku
ANDERSON, William H. E.	299th Infantry, Honomu
HILLIGER, Arthur C.	298th Infantry, Honolulu
PECK, Nohea O. A.	299th Infantry, Wailuku
BENDA, Charles J.	299th Infantry, Papaikou
McELDOWNEY, Robert R.	298th Infantry, Honolulu
deVILLE, Joseph I.	298th Infantry, Honolulu
BITTLE, Gerald F.	298th Infantry, Honolulu
D'ELISCU, Francois	298th Infantry, Honolulu
CHOCK, King C.	Medical Corps, Honolulu
KONG, Raymond F.	Medical Corps, Honolulu
LEE, Robert H.	Medical Corps, Wailuku
NATHANIEL, Daniel H.	299th Infantry, Hilo
CHANG, James T. M.	298th Infantry, Honolulu
CHOCK, Bernard K.	299th Infantry, Hilo
COLEMAN, Gottlieb Z.	299th Infantry, Paia
GALL, Earl V.	298th Infantry, Honolulu
SIMERSON, John C.	298th Infantry, Honolulu

FIRST LIEUTENANTS

HINAU, Joseph	299th Infantry, Lahaina
MINVIELLE, Albert E.	298th Infantry, Honolulu
BURNS, Clifford	299th Infantry, Wailuku
KAHANAMOKU, David P.	298th Infantry, Honolulu
HARTMAN, Fred L.	299th Inf., Hakalau
VIVAS, Louis M.	Quartermaster Corps, Honolulu
KEALA, Samuel L.	298th Infantry, Honolulu
CARTER, Melville L.	299th Infantry, Hilo
TALLANT, David W.	299th Infantry, Wailuku
KAI, Herbert U.	299th Infantry, Hilo
BELL, Alfred K.	299th Infantry, Honomu
CRIST, R. Kenneth	299th Infantry, Hilo
POKA, William C.	298th Infantry, Honolulu
AI, James A.	298th Infantry, Honolulu
GROVES, George W.	298th Infantry, Honolulu
KELUNOI, William Y.	298th Infantry, Honolulu

LUM, Richard K.	298th	Infantry,	Honolulu
CLEMENT, Mark O.	298th	Infantry,	Honolulu
IGNACIO, Frank W.	299th	Infantry,	Papaikou
ARAUJO, Jacinth G.	299th	Infantry,	Paia
EARL, Erwin F.	299th	Infantry,	Hilo
O'CONNOR, Emmet L.	298th	Infantry,	Honolulu
TILLEY, William H.	298th	Infantry,	Honolulu
YUEN, Henry B.	Medical	Corps,	Hilo
McINERNY, George T.	299th	Infantry,	Lahaina

SECOND LIEUTENANTS

KEKAHUNA, James I. P.	298th	Infantry,	Honolulu
CHAVES, Alverinos	299th	Infantry,	Olaa
REINHARDT, Henry J.	298th	Infantry,	Honolulu
WILSON, Dell C.	299th	Infantry,	Hakalau
TAYLOR, John A.	299th	Infantry,	Wailuku
AKINA, James C.	299th	Infantry,	Wailuku
LANSING, Daniel H.	298th	Infantry,	Honolulu
SWICK, Homer D.	299th	Infantry,	Hilo
CORNELISON, Alexander H.	298th	Infantry,	Honolulu
CABRINHA, August H.	299th	Infantry,	Hilo
STAMM, Hugo A.	298th	Infantry,	Honolulu
MAKEKAU, Manase K.	298th	Infantry,	Honolulu
FRAZIER, Charles R., Jr.	298th	Infantry,	Honolulu
WONG, Gilbert L. H.	299th	Infantry,	Wailuku
KAI'AIHILO, Norman	298th	Infantry,	Honolulu
OSORIO, Emil M.	299th	Infantry,	Hilo
BECKER, George D.	299th	Infantry,	Papaikou
FARDEN, Bernard N.	298th	Infantry,	Honolulu
LEE, Kam Tai	298th	Infantry,	Honolulu
KAUMEHEIWA, Alfred J.	299th	Infantry,	Wailuku
MODISETT, Benjamin F.	298th	Infantry,	Honolulu
PRATT, Kenneth J.	298th	Infantry,	Honolulu
LOER, Oliver K.	299th	Infantry,	Honolulu
JUDD, Clement M.	298th	Infantry,	Honolulu
LYDGATE, Elwell P.	299th	Infantry,	Lahaina
KAPUA, Joseph K.	298th	Infantry,	Honolulu
JONES, Rolland I.	298th	Infantry,	Honolulu
McGHEE, Earl R.	298th	Infantry,	Honolulu
LeGOUILLON, Donald W.	299th	Infantry,	Hilo
BROWN, William J.	299th	Infantry,	Olaa

APPENDIX C

OFFICERS

NATIONAL GUARD RESERVE
UNASSIGNED

LIEUTENANT COLONELS

BLACKMAN, Leopold G.Inspector General's Dept.

MAJORS

VAN GIESON, HenryQuartermaster Corps
GIBB, James A.Infantry
MITCHELL, Eugene W.Medical Corps

CAPTAINS

COOPER, Harry F.Infantry
FULLER, Samuel M.Infantry

SECOND LIEUTENANTS

HITCHCOCK, Joshua D.Infantry

ASSIGNED

MAJORS

RICE, William H.299th Infantry

CAPTAINS

ANDERSON, Alexander A. S. M.299th Infantry
AUSTIN, Stafford L.298th Infantry
McKAIG, Wallace L.299th Infantry
MOELLER, Berthold A.298th Infantry
ROBINSON, James C.299th Infantry
SAMSON, Walter H.298th Infantry
SCHAEFFER, Frederick C.298th Infantry
SCHAUSTON, Otto J.298th Infantry
PICKERILL, Orville A.299th Infantry

FIRST LIEUTENANTS

Ah Hon, Henry.....298th Infantry
 Treadwell, RichardMedical Corps
 Silva, Alvin K.299th Infantry

SECOND LIEUTENANTS

Hartman, William A.....299th Infantry

TERRITORIAL APPOINTMENTS

COLONELS

Hayward, Harry S. (Governor's Aide)....Adjutant General's Dept.
 Short, John W.....Quartermaster Corps

LIEUTENANT COLONELS

Camara, Joaquin M.....Governor's Aide
 Boyer, Frank O.....Governor's Aide
 Dunham, Walter S. (Aide-de-Camp).....Governor's Aide

MAJORS

Baron, PierreGovernor's Aide
 Searle, John W.....Infantry

CAPTAINS

Medeiros, Louis R.....Infantry
 Billsborough, Charles L.....Corps of Engineers

NAVAL MILITIA

Rothwell, Guy N.....Governor's Naval Aide